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# A Community Survey

Made in

Los Angeles City

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  
LIBRARY  
LOS ANGELES, CALIF.



Commission of Immigration and Housing  
of California

Underwood Building, 525 Market Street  
San Francisco, Cal.

CALIFORNIA  
FACILITY



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Rowell Building, Fresno.

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### Publications of the Commission of Immigration and Housing of California.

1. Americanization—The California Program.
2. Immigrant Education Leaflets, Numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4.
3. The Spirit of the Nation (Song Book).
4. Patriotic Exercises (A Program).
5. The Home Teacher Manual.
6. A Discussion of Methods of Teaching English.
7. A Primer for Foreign-speaking Women. Parts I and II.
8. An A-B-C of Housing.
9. A Plan for a Housing Survey.
10. State Housing Manual.
11. Camp Sanitation and Housing.
12. Suggestions for Speakers.
13. Heroes of Freedom.
14. Fresno's Immigration Problem.

These publications may be had free on application to the Commission.

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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

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*To His Excellency, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS,*  
*Governor of California.*

SIR: The following report is a compilation of a community survey of Los Angeles. The State Commission of Immigration and Housing was only one of many organizations that co-operated to do the work; and its principal contribution to the effort has been the tabulation and publication of the material.

The report is valuable not as a piece of original research, but as a splendid beginning toward united effort in the solution of community problems. Moreover, it shows to the nonprofessional worker the various agencies and the fields they cover in Los Angeles.

Such frank discussion should be of service locally and in other cities, in producing greater confidence and renewed support for those who are directly in the field carrying out the wishes of all the members of the community.

COMMISSION OF IMMIGRATION AND HOUSING OF CALIFORNIA.



## HISTORY OF THE SURVEY.

One of the meetings of the California Library Association, held in Hollywood, June, 1917, was devoted to a discussion of ways and means to reach the foreign born.

This discussion suggested to the librarian of the city of Los Angeles that the library could increase its influence by associating itself with all the other agencies in the city. It made its first connection with the public school.

A committee was appointed, representing the public library, the public schools and the State Commission of Immigration and Housing, and other important agencies which come in direct contact with the foreigner, and this committee decided that the most important contribution it could make would be a study of the neighborhoods in which the foreigner lived. The committee agreed that the best way to make such a study was to invite the aid of all the social workers in the city, believing that the knowledge gained in this way would be immediately put to use, as can not be the case when the work is done through an outside agency.

The head of the children's department of the library was made chairman of the committee. It seemed logical to reach the social workers through their organization, "The Social Service Association," but it was never possible to get a committee meeting. Failing in that attempt, letters were sent to the city departments of charity, health, housing, probation, police; to the schools, recreation centers, branch libraries, playgrounds; to the Allies Committee, Parent-Teachers' Federation, settlements, missions, clergymen, day nurseries, the Y. W. C. A., clinics and individuals interested in social work.

As far as is known this is the first attempt in the United States at a co-operative piece of work by all the social agencies. Had there never been a report of the findings of the survey—and but for the tenacity of one of the staff of the Commission of Immigration and Housing and the chairman of the committee, there would never have been—just the making of it was of tremendous value.

There was the arousing to the danger of becoming warped in a devotion to one part of social service; there was the enlarged vision, the sympathy and inspirational glimpse of the wonders which could be accomplished in a co-operation of big-minded people working toward the same end—the progress of the world.

As is shown in the history of every movement which involves the concerted action of many people, there are those who do not have the big vision; those who are apathetic, those who are too weary when appointed tasks are done and those who are working for pay in the

vain belief that working is a means to living instead of the amazing verity that working *is* living.

However, the heads of all the departments closely in touch with the foreign population responded wonderfully. Special meetings were held with their staffs at which representatives of the Commission of Immigration and Housing or the library spoke.

There were meetings to which nobody came. The notices had all been typed and sent out. The speakers had been asked to come. Every preparation had been made. That was only one of many discouraging things that happened. But the dauntless ones worked on. They knew there would be meetings to which every worker in the district would come; and there *were*—meetings which were satisfying in that they swept away discouragement, the feeling that the department was doing so little, and inspirational in that they afforded glimpses of what could be accomplished by combined effort. On one of these occasions the heads of two city departments were introduced to each other! These workers had crossed and recrossed each other's paths, but in the swirl of "so much to do" and "so little time to do it in" they had never met.

Four aims were to be achieved by this co-operative effort.

- (1) To discover the social conditions in the district and decide what was needed.
- (2) To pool the knowledge of all the workers, much of which had been delved from original sources, so that it would not be necessary for those following to go over the same difficult ground.
- (3) To discover where greater service could be rendered and the best places for expansion.
- (4) To make a nationality map.

The promoters of the survey were firm in the belief that if such a group would determine the needs of the district, and then unite to meet those needs, they could demand anything—and get it.

The library agreed to make the nationality map. It is now finished and is a splendid graphic representation of the population in the district. The Commission of Immigration and Housing agreed to make the tabulations, analyze the figures, write the report and print it.

The portion of the city to be covered by the survey was divided into eleven districts with an attempt to make the districts homogeneous as to residents. It was finally decided to use school boundaries although the arbitrary districts for purposes of this survey included several school districts.

The history of the survey is the history of an incredible amount of work, a voluminous correspondence, an amazing number of visits and



interviews, days of tabulation and innumerable telephone calls. More than 150 people attended executive meetings, and at least 200 teachers worked in filling out the questionnaires, so that the completed survey was a co-operative effort representing more than 350 persons.

For the first time in the history of Los Angeles, school teachers were classed as social workers. This is epochal, for it marks the passing of the Mediaeval Age idea of education, actualized in the academic school.

The following questionnaires, arranged by a committee appointed for that purpose, were used in the survey.

They were constructed in collaboration with the agencies and aimed to discover the information each particular agency could best extract.

## I.

Agencies that should be consulted in every neighborhood.

1. Charities visitor.
2. City nurse.
3. School nurse.
4. Housing inspector.
5. Probation officer.
6. Missions.
7. Priests—ministers.
8. School (principal, interested teacher).
  - Public.
  - Parochial.
9. Playground.
10. Libraries.
11. Day nurseries.
12. (a) Superintendent of factories.
- (b) Foremen of railroad camps.
- (c) Employers of numbers of foreigners.
13. Settlements and clinics.
14. Consuls.
15. Editors.
16. Police.

## II.

Name of industry\_\_\_\_\_ Address\_\_\_\_\_

Number employed\_\_\_\_\_ Foreign born\_\_\_\_\_ Native born\_\_\_\_\_

Men\_\_\_\_\_

Women\_\_\_\_\_

Number of employes who do not speak English\_\_\_\_\_

Do employes live in vicinity of industry?\_\_\_\_\_

Wages: Maximum\_\_\_\_\_ Minimum\_\_\_\_\_ Average\_\_\_\_\_

Is work seasonal?\_\_\_\_\_ If so, what is the season?\_\_\_\_\_

Number employed at height of season\_\_\_\_\_ In dull season\_\_\_\_\_

How many unskilled workers wanted at present?\_\_\_\_\_

## III.

\*Address \_\_\_\_\_ Children? \_\_\_\_\_  
 How many adults? \_\_\_\_\_  
 One family dwelling \_\_\_\_\_  
 Multiple dwelling, tenement, or rooming house \_\_\_\_\_  
 How many families or single men \_\_\_\_\_  
 Own or rent home \_\_\_\_\_ Number of rooms \_\_\_\_\_ of occupants \_\_\_\_\_  
 Nationality \_\_\_\_\_ Colored \_\_\_\_\_  
 How long in America \_\_\_\_\_ Naturalized \_\_\_\_\_  
 Occupation \_\_\_\_\_  
 Present employment \_\_\_\_\_ Regularly employed \_\_\_\_\_  
 Night school experience \_\_\_\_\_ Present \_\_\_\_\_ past \_\_\_\_\_  
 Read \_\_\_\_\_ Write \_\_\_\_\_ Use public library \_\_\_\_\_  
 Books desired \_\_\_\_\_  
 Native \_\_\_\_\_ English \_\_\_\_\_  
 Musical possibilities \_\_\_\_\_ Vocal \_\_\_\_\_ Instruments \_\_\_\_\_  
 Favorite recreation \_\_\_\_\_ Adults \_\_\_\_\_ Children \_\_\_\_\_  
 Recreational opportunities \_\_\_\_\_  
 Attend foreign clubs or churches \_\_\_\_\_  
 Remarks \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE.—It is not supposed that any person will use the above form in the presence of the one interviewed. It is hoped, however, that after conversation with the person sufficient information shall have been gained to answer most of the questions.

\*The above questionnaire proved full of difficulties and a better form has been prepared as a result of this experience.

## IV.

**Housing Inspectors.**

What information have you easily available in your records on the following subjects:

Total number of rooming houses in this district—

(a) For single men or women----- (b) For families-----

Total number of tenements -----

Total number of violations of tenement house laws during 1917 -----

Number of violations in houses

	Owned by	Lived in by
Foreign born	-----	-----
Native born	-----	-----

For all cases where there is no child of school age in the family could you fill out the enclosed questionnaire?

## v.

### Police Officers.

### Arrests in District in 1917.

Nationality.

Charge.

## VI.

## Probation Officers.

What information have you easily available in your records on the following subjects:

1. Number of delinquent and dependent children in the district under consideration during 1917.
2. Number of delinquents and dependents not of school age.
3. Could you fill out the enclosed questionnaire for the families where there is no child of school age?
4. Make a list of the amusements in the district, giving the following information about each:
  - (a) Location.
  - (b) Class—commercial.  
public.
  - (c) Patronage—adults.  
children.
  - (d) Character—wholesome.  
detrimental.
  - (e) Is the number adequate to the total population? What suggestions can be made?

## VII.

## County Charity Visitors.

What information have you easily available in your records on the following subjects:

1. Total number of active cases in the district under consideration during 1917.
2. Number of families in which there is no child of school age.
3. Could you fill out the enclosed questionnaire for the families where there is no child of school age?
4. Make a list of the industries in the district giving the following information about each:

Number employed—men -----  
women -----

Number of foreign born -----

Is work seasonal? -----

If so, what is the season? -----

Do employes live in vicinity of industry? If not, at what industries do the residents of the district work?

Wages: Maximum ----- Minimum ----- Average -----

5. Could you estimate the per cent of men in the district who are unemployed?

Skilled -----

Unskilled -----

What per cent of those are unemployable?

## VIII.

## City Nurses.

What information have you easily available in your records on the following subjects:

1. Number of individual cases during 1917.
2. Number in which there is no child of school age in family.
3. Could you fill out the enclosed questionnaire for the families where there is no child of school age?
4. What per cent of all cases are foreign born?



## 5. Number of cases in which illness is caused by the following:

- (a) Ignorance of mother.....
- (b) Wage earning mother .....
- (c) Malnutrition .....
- (d) Unsanitary living conditions .....
- (e) Contagion or infection .....

## IX.

## Playgrounds.

Name .....

Location .....

Total attendance 1917 .....

Nationality and number .....

Activities and number participating .....

Number of school children .....

Clubs for boys over 14 .....

Clubs for girls over 14 .....

Evening parties .....

Sunday activities and number participating .....

Swimming .....

Special holiday celebrations .....

## Music:

- 1. Orchestra .....
- 2. Community singing .....

Make list of the amusements in the district, giving the following information about each:

- (a) Location.
- (b) Class—commercial.....  
public.....
- (c) Patronage—adults.....  
children.....
- (d) Character—wholesome.....  
detrimental.....
- (e) Is the number adequate to the total population? What suggestions can be made?

## X.

## Day Nurseries.

1. What information have you easily available in your records on the following subjects:

Total number individual children .....

Nationality .....

Occupation of mothers -----

Rate per child -----

2. What are the restrictions, if any, as to race or nationality?

3. Could you fill out the enclosed questionnaire for families where there is no child of school age?

## XI.

### Settlements.

Please make a list of all your activities, giving the total attendance, average attendance at clubs, classes, etc., and the nationalities represented.

## XII.

### Churches and Missions.

Name of mission -----

Auspices -----

Address -----

1. Relief: **Activities.**

Food -----

Clothes -----

Money -----

2. Social:

Recreation -----

Gymnasium -----

Games -----

Entertainments -----

Visiting in neighborhood -----

3. Educational:

(a) Bible classes -----

(b) English -----

(c) Sewing -----

(d) Cooking -----

(e) -----

(f) -----

(g) -----

4. Religious services:

(a) -----

(b) -----

(c) -----

## Districts for Survey.

## No. 1.

West: Lake Shore avenue.

North: Park Terrace.

East: Cleveland, Adobe, Hill and Sunset boulevard.

South: Third to Figueroa, Temple to Main.

Schools:

Temple.

Fremont.

Alpine.

California.

Central Intermediate.

## No. 2.

North: Including Palo Verde in Elysian Park.

West: Cleveland, Adobe and Hill.

East: River to Humboldt street.

South: North Main and Alhambra.

Schools:

Castelar.

Palo Verde.

Ann.

## No. 3.

West: River.

North: Humboldt avenue.

East: Avenue 22 to Broadway, Broadway to Griffin.

South: Alhambra avenue.

Schools:

Pasadena.

Griffin.

Albion.

## No. 4.

North: Mission road, Pomeroy and Wabash avenue.

East: City limits.

South: Brooklyn avenue.

Schools:

Cornwell.

Bridge.

## No. 5.

West: River.

North: Brooklyn avenue.

East: St. Louis.

South: Fourth street.

Schools:

Utah.

Second.

## No. 6.

West: St. Louis street.

North: Brooklyn avenue.

East: City Limits and Belvedere.

South: Fourth street.

Schools:

Belvedere.

First.



## No. 7.

West: River.  
 North: Fourth street.  
 East: Ezra to Hollenbeck, to Rosalind.  
 South: Ninth street.  
 Schools:  
   Euclid.  
   Boyle Heights.  
   Hostetter.

## No. 8.

West: San Pedro street.  
 North: Sixth street.  
 East: River.  
 South: Ninth.  
 Schools:  
   Seventh.  
   Ninth.

## No. 9.

West: Central.  
 North: Ninth street.  
 East: River.  
 South: Exposition Boulevard and City Limits.  
 Schools:  
   Santa Fe.  
   Staunton.

## No. 10.

West: Main.  
 North: First.  
 East: River.  
 South: Sixth.  
 Schools:  
   Boyd.  
   Hewitt.

## No. 11.

West: Main.  
 North: Alhambra road.  
 East: River.  
 South: First.  
 Schools:  
   Amelia.  
   Macy.

## No. 12.

\*San Pedro Town.

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\*The twelfth district was so remote that it had to be given up.

## OUTSTANDING CHARACTERISTICS OF EACH OF THE ELEVEN FOREIGN DISTRICTS.

District No. 1. Including Temple, Fremont, Alpine and California streets schools.

In the first district are to be found many small tradesmen and a changing, shifting population. There are great numbers of the poorer class of Jews.

District No. 2. Including Castelar, Palo Verde and Ann streets schools.

In the second district there are principally Mexicans and Italians. The Palo Verde neighborhood is entirely isolated by hills from the rest of the city. Here, after a summer of primitive freedom, the children's minds have to be reclaimed from the desert waste to at least a sluggish interest in education.

In the Ann street district, situated among the tracks, there is poverty and the resulting disease to be expected among the Mexicans and Italians. A survey has been made of this district by the students of the University of Southern California.

District No. 3. Including Pasadena avenue, Griffin and Albion streets schools.

There are many Italians and the poorer class of Americans who work in the car shops to be found in this neighborhood. Here it is that the Lincoln High School has made an industrial and social survey, which includes this locality.

District No. 4. Including Cornwell and Bridge streets schools.

There are many nationalities here, the outstanding one being the Russian Jews, who are rapidly buying their homes and crowding out the Americans.

District No. 5. Including Utah and Second streets schools.

This seems to be almost the heart of the foreign districts. Again there are to be found a dozen or more nationalities, among them an Armenian colony, whose children go to the Second street school. The Russians and Mexicans are to be found at Utah street.

District No. 6. Including Belvedere and First streets schools.

In Belvedere we find principally Mexicans who live in miserable quarters. At East First street are many negroes and Russian Jews.

District No. 7. Including Euclid avenue, Boyle Heights Intermediate and Hostetter street schools.

This district has two isolated foreign colonies. In the one live Mexicans who own their own homes, but who live very much to them-



selves and where no English is heard except in the schoolroom. In the other section, down in the hollow, live a hundred or so Russian Molokans where, because of religious convictions, it is difficult to penetrate.

District No. 8. Including Seventh and Ninth streets schools.

This is one of the most difficult districts from the standpoint of the social worker in all Los Angeles. It contains every nationality, the Mexicans and Italians predominating, and has the added complication of large numbers of Americans of the lowest class economically, as well as a great many negroes.

District No. 9. Including Santa Fe avenue and Staunton street schools.

There are many negroes to be found, in addition to Mexicans and Italians.

Districts Nos. 10 and 11. Including Boyd, Hewitt, Amelia and Macy streets schools.

This is the most cosmopolitan district of Los Angeles. There are very few Americans. At one time in the Macy street school there was not a single child of American parentage. All the evils of a foreign quarter characterize this part of the city. It includes Chinatown with the usual vices of that nationality. It includes the largest Japanese colony, and everywhere there is bad housing, frightful overcrowding, congestion of peoples in houses and of houses on lots. Nothing except the social agencies, including the schools, bring any American influence to this neighborhood. Except for them, we show these people Americanization at its very worst.

### LINCOLN HIGH SCHOOL SURVEY.

The sociology classes at Lincoln High School made in 1916 a survey of almost identically the same district covered by this Community Survey.

Had there been a close co-operation, the duplication of work need not have occurred.

#### Summary.

1. Churches -----	46
2. Clubs and organizations -----	105
3. Historical places -----	26
4. Hospitals -----	10
5. Industries (employ 50 or more) -----	72
6. Libraries (city, school, private) -----	14
7. Miscellaneous (ostrich farm, post office, etc.) -----	13
8. Nationalities -----	17
9. Parks -----	7
10. Penal institutions -----	5
11. Playgrounds -----	7
12. Publications -----	8
13. Schools -----	54
Day -----	42
Night -----	12
14. Social agencies -----	58



### Recommendations.

1. Improvement of transportation.
2. Industrial high school needed.
3. Field worker needed.

Since the people of the district are of moderate means and more than one-half of foreign birth, there should be organized in the school a close "wake up" and "follow up" system.

One teacher should devote at least part of her time to field work; of directing toward the school those ready to enter; following up the pupils who leave school and encouraging them economically and educationally—bring about a closer co-operation between school and social agencies.

4. Continuation of Community Nights.

5. Closer co-operation between high school and industries—friendly, but as far as possible scientific.

Of the 46 churches, 6 hold services in a foreign language: Buddhist, Russian, German Baptist, Japanese, Mexican.

Of the 105 organizations, the following 25 are for foreigners:

1. Chinese Citizens' Club.
2. Italian-American.
3. Italian Club.
4. Bing Kong Tong (Chinese Free Masons).
5. Chee Kung Hong (Chinese Free Masons).
6. Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association.
7. Council of Jewish Women.
8. Gee Hona Association.
9. Hop Sing Benevolent.
10. Japanese Association of Southern California.
11. Japanese Business Men's Association.
12. Japanese Federal Agricultural Association.
13. Mu Pung Fong Association.
14. Wal Leung Association (Chinese Chamber of Commerce).

### Benevolent and Social Bodies.

1. Armenian.
  - a. Y. M. C. A.
  - b. Y. W. C. A.
2. Children's Home Society.
3. Christian Mission and Industrial Association.
4. Italian Mutual Benefit Association.
5. Japanese Mutual Benefit Association.
6. Juvenile Protective Association.
7. Los Angeles County Pioneer Society.
8. Servian United Benevolent Society.
9. W. C. T. U.
10. Y. M. C. A. Athletic Field and Club House.
11. Y. W. Ai Kai (Japanese Y. W. C. A.).

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## REPORTS.

As the survey consists of the reports of the various departments with their recommendations they are presented as turned in, except where they had to be cut for the sake of brevity.

Owing to the fact that every social agency has its own peculiar system of districting the city, it was difficult to obtain data which belonged to the arbitrary districts made for the purposes of this survey.

The following report was furnished by Director of Nursing Bureau, Los Angeles City Health Department:

Districts of survey	Districts of nurses	General cases*	Number families with no school children	Foreign born	Illness, ignorance of mother	Wage earning mother	Malnutrition	Insanitary living	Infection or contagion	Needing dental work	Needing milk
Districts IV and VI	No. 2	77	10	22	3	8	21	8	10	35	23
Districts X and XI	No. 3	75	15	35	10		20	18	20	20	25
District V	No. 4	58	13	19	24	4	1	41	34	4	28
Districts V and VII	No. 5	79	13	25	6			10	38	41	18
District VIII	No. 6	117	26	30	6	1	20	21	57	50	50
Districts VII and VIII	No. 7	148	42	25	17	1	1	1	20	30	10
District VIII	No. 8	108	20	30	14	3	5	16	50	18	28
District IX	No. 10	106	29	26	11	13	10	10	53	24	10
Districts I and II	No. 14	174	12	75	4	2	6	4	105	40	25
Districts II and III	No. 16	147	20	70	48	24	33	16	26	75	25
		1,088	200	357	148	56	117	145	343	337	242

\*The above figures represent the number of active cases on file October 23, 1917.

Districts of survey	Districts of nurses	Maternity and welfare cases	Number families with no school children	Foreign born	Illness, ignorance of mother	Wage earning mother	Malnutrition	Insanitary living	Infection and contagion	Needing dental work	Needing milk
Districts II and III	A	152	53	15	10	2	6	6	6	10	37
Districts IV and XI	B	150	20	12	12	4	3	3	3	6	6
Districts V, VI, VII	C	189	12	6	17	24	9	28		2	5
Districts VII, VIII, IX	D	156	39	15	50	10	30			7	30
District IX	E	209	16	11	26	4	11	1	4	6	12
Districts I and II	F	197	70	13	17	5	25	10	10	5	37
District VIII	G	52	3	5	12	3	2	25	7	5	35
			213	77	144	52	86	73	30	41	162
General cases			200	357	148	56	117	145	343	337	242
			413	434	292	108	203	218	373	378	404
Total illnesses											1,194

In studying these figures it is necessary to take into consideration the fact that the maternity and infant welfare nurses have very few sick patients, most of their work being with well babies and their maternity cases.

This report reveals that the 1,194 cases of illness reported are due to two fundamental causes: ignorance and poverty.

	Cause.
Ignorance of mother	Ignorance
Wage-earning mother	Poverty
Malnutrition	Ignorance
	Poverty
Insanitary living condition	Poverty
	Ignorance
	Dirt
Infection and contagion	Poverty
	Heredity
Needing dental work	Poverty
Needing milk	Poverty



The ignorance being the cause of the poverty and the poverty being the cause of the ignorance.

Of course a sodden, ignorant laborer isn't worth much. He and his family are only a burden to the community. But until the time comes when he has living hours and a living wage, he will never be worth more.

#### Summary of Needs.

Dental clinic in 11 districts.

Milk in 6 districts.

Enforced employment in 6 districts.

Loan closet in 3 districts.

Court of domestic relations similar to the one in Chicago in 3 districts.

Baths in 3 districts.

Tubercular sanitarium, light work for convalescent men, better housing, general clinic, day nursery, and toothbrushes in one district, each.

The following report was furnished by the County Charities:

	Number cases in March, 1918.
Districts 2 and 11 -----	119
District 3 -----	19
District 4 -----	9
District 5 -----	14
District 6 -----	21
District 7 -----	21
Districts 8, 10, 11 -----	132
District 9 -----	103
Districts 10, 8 -----	108
Districts 11, 8, 10 -----	132
	<hr/> 678

A total of 678 cases in one month seems appalling.

Perhaps the solution lies in "work suited to the strength and ability of the worker, hours that do not leave the worker too exhausted to enjoy play, then a place for recreation of a clean and wholesome sort; all this accompanied by a wage that allows decent living, a little saving, and a hope and ambition for the future."\*

In every report the difference in districting makes it impossible to get accurate information for the districts of this survey.

The Charities have just completed a new system, commencing Monday, December 2, 1918.

What a forward step it would have been if all the agencies could have adjusted the "peculiar features" of their problems and agreed upon a uniform system.

\*Report of Chairman of Industrial and Social Conditions, C. F. W. C.



The following report was furnished by the Police Department:

Nativity of Foreigners Arrested From December 1, 1917, to December 1, 1918,

Los Angeles Police Department.

Alaskan -----	4	Italian -----	979
Argentina -----	6	Japanese -----	943
Armenian -----	187	Jewish -----	701
Austrian -----	377	Korean -----	14
Australian -----	32	Mexican -----	3,798
Assyrian -----	6	Montenegrin -----	7
Belgian -----	46	Negro -----	1,793
Bavarian -----	2	Norwegian -----	239
Bohemian -----	58	New Zealander -----	1
Bulgarian -----	6	Polander -----	68
Brazilian -----	4	Peruvian -----	3
Canadian -----	852	Persian -----	3
Chinese -----	640	Philippino -----	12
Chilian -----	13	Porto Rico -----	2
Cuban -----	6	Portuguese -----	34
Creole -----	2	Russian -----	917
Dutch -----	98	Roumanian -----	42
Danish -----	200	Scotch -----	578
Englishmen -----	937	Scotch Irish -----	54
Finlander -----	183	Spanish -----	293
French -----	357	Scandinavian -----	6
German -----	1,171	Servian -----	56
Greek -----	217	Syrian -----	56
Guatemalan -----	2	Slavonian -----	19
Hindoo -----	4	Swedish -----	622
Hungarian -----	90	Switzerland -----	100
Hawaiian -----	14	Turkish -----	31
Indian -----	51	Ukranian -----	1
Irish -----	1,904	Welsh -----	46
		Mixed nationalities -----	55
Total -----			18,732

The eleven highest in number of offenses:

Native white -----	31,523
Mexican -----	3,798
Irish -----	1,904
Negro -----	1,793
German -----	1,171
Italian -----	979
Japanese -----	943
English -----	937
Russian -----	917
Canadian -----	852
Chinese -----	640

The population of the city of Los Angeles, City Directory estimate 1918, is 607,587.

The foreign population as estimated in 1915 is 148,750.

The total number of arrests in the city from July, 1917, to July, 1918, was

Men	47,361
Women	2,894
	<hr/> 50,255

From these figures it appears that 6.8 per cent of the native white population have been transgressors of the law and 12.5 per cent of the foreigners.

Data based on these figures can, of course, be only suggestive.

When we consider the handicaps of the foreigner, the comparison is not so greatly to his disadvantage.

The following report was furnished by the probation department of the Juvenile Court.

For the year ending December 31, 1917:

District.	Boys.	Girls.		
1	30	11		
2	21	—		
3	8	2		
4	4	4		
5	25	6		
6	9	—		
7	5	4		
8	30	13		
9	38	12		
10	2	9		
11	14	6		
Totals	<hr/> 186	<hr/> 67		
Totals		253	20.5 per cent	
Totals in county	897	333		
		<hr/> 1,232		

Taken from the Annual Report of 1917: "Percentage of foreign children, and children born of foreign-born parents (approximately) 30 per cent."

"As it now stands, what is known as the Juvenile Court is also the court of practically all domestic relations except divorce and estates. All civil as well as criminal litigation, wherein the custody or rights or wrongs of children are involved, is confined to what is popularly called the Juvenile Court."



It is interesting to note that in Districts 3, 4, 6, and 7, where the probation cases of boys are fewest, the schools are near great open spaces in which to play. The one exception is District 10, which is in a congested part of the city. May this not be due to the influence of a school imbued with a socializing consciousness?

The following report was furnished by the Bureau of Housing Commission of the Health Department:

Approximate Figures Regarding Housing Districts No. 1 to 11.

District	Hotels		Tenements	Violations State laws 1917
	Single men or women	Families		
District 1	115	10	140	460
District 2	70	5	50	60
District 3	20	5	35	100
District 4	4	2	45	125
District 5	13	2	25	65
District 6			17	15
District 7	7	2	22	60
District 8	100	75	85	415
District 9	15	6	25	75
District 10	200	25	140	650
District 11	60	5	28	235
Totals	604	137	612	2,260

Where the native born owns the house and lives in it, the violations are about 10 per cent.

Where the native born owns the house and foreign born lives in it, the violations are about 40 per cent.

Where the foreign born owns the house and lives in it, the violations are about 60 per cent.

Where the foreign born owns the house and rents to foreign born, the violations are about 70 per cent.

Two thousand two hundred sixty violations of the housing laws in one year—more than 6 a day! The violations of the foreign born arise no doubt, in large measure, from ignorance.

It is interesting to note that when the native-born owner lives in his house the violations are only 10 per cent.

But when he rents it to a foreigner the violations rise to 40 per cent.

It is not possible to say whether the increase is due to the owner or to the tenant. Judging from the condition of many of the houses when the foreigner moves into them, it is not difficult to draw a conclusion.



The following report was furnished by the Health Department of the public schools.

The school nurses made visits to the homes in the school year 1917-1918 as follows:

In District Number 1	-----	670 visits.
In District Number 2	-----	712 visits.
In District Number 3	-----	241 visits.
In District Number 4	-----	318 visits.
In District Number 5	-----	687 visits.
In District Number 6	-----	501 visits.
In District Number 7	-----	333 visits.
In District Number 8	-----	750 visits.
In District Number 9	-----	200 visits.
In District Number 10	-----	256 visits.
In District Number 11	-----	807 visits.
Total	-----	5,475 visits.

In addition our physicians summoned many of the parents to the schools for conferences, and there gave them general advice as to living and care. At our dispensary lectures were given on the subject of nutrition.

Furnished by the Department of Compulsory Education and Child Welfare of the Public Schools for the school year 1917-1918.

	Number cases.
District 1	248
District 2	290
District 3	353
District 4	116
District 5	391
District 6	87
District 7	595
District 8	562
District 9	259
District 10	218
District 11	135
	3,254

The work of the department falls into five divisions:

1. Nonattendance at school.
2. Truancy (wilful absence).
3. Illness.
4. Poverty.
5. Incurability.

Report furnished by the assistant superintendents of the Los Angeles City Schools:

Evening schools—Year 1917-18	Enrollment	Total attendance
Alpine .....	133	34
Castelar .....	508	102
Palo Verde .....	108	34
Ann .....	497	76
Pasadena .....	*934	76
Albion .....	78	24
Bridge .....	513	86
Utah .....	338	42
Belvedere .....	348	64
First .....	288	64
Boyle Heights .....	243	32
Seventh .....	354	70
Hewitt .....	170	26
Amelia .....	437	104
Macy .....	625	†118
Totals .....	5,637	992

\*Largest enrollment.

†Largest attendance.

The Chamber of Commerce, for its contribution to the Survey, checked up the industries, and found in the district 753, or 33.9 per cent of the industries in the city.

The deduction is that surely life can not be normal in a district so much given over to industry, where there must of necessity be noise, grime, confusion, unpleasant odors, houses insanitary and dilapidated, with nothing beautiful or restful to look upon.

According to the Lincoln High School Survey, 71 industries which they interviewed employ 12,707 persons; 71 is 9.4 per cent of the whole number 753.

So it seems safe to infer that at least 100,000 persons are employed in the industries of this section.

There is no way to reach the foreign-born dweller in this district until the employers have responded to their own social consciousness, for it surely does not lie dormant always.

When all of their employees receive a wage that does not make it necessary to huddle with five or six other families into one dilapidated shack, without beds, without a cookstove, without enough to eat, without the necessities to keep clean; when their hours are such that there is still energy and desire for recreation and education—

Then there will not be malnutrition, soddenness and discontent.

Then the employer will suddenly realize that far from being a philanthropist's dream, it has boomeranged him with increased and improved output through a renewed spirit.



## THE LIBRARY.

There is probably no recreation center which is so far-reaching as the library. When we consider, in addition to this, its educational function, it seems most important that it should be so supported that it may meet adequately all the demands upon it.

In each of the districts in this Survey, except three, there are branch libraries which serve the foreign population. There are upon the shelves of one of these libraries 999 volumes in foreign languages. In eleven months the circulation reached 2,661 volumes. At the other branches there are only a few, exchanged at the main library as there is demand. One branch has a French newspaper donated, another has Russian, French and Spanish periodicals, and the others feel the need of some foreign journal.

Four of the playgrounds in this district have library centers where there are many social activities. Story-telling is recognized as a potent factor in interesting the foreign child.

There has grown up a splendid co-operation between the library and the public schools. Only five years ago when a teacher asked her principal to allow her to take her class to the library he responded, "Oh, no, not at all. They might get into the habit of going there and would stop coming to school."

These libraries are social centers for the community. They are meeting places for mothers' clubs, boys' clubs, girls' clubs, exemption boards, Red Cross, Consumer's League, etc.

The library has been most inadequately financed. Each time a plea was made to the budget committee the answer was, "we think the minimum is enough. If you are so sure you are important enough to have more, let the voters decide."

Evidently the budget committee did not read the public mind aright, for when the library *did* ask the voters to decide, they expressed their confidence in a vote for increased apportionment.

Only when there is a generous support, can the library give in proportion to its capabilities.

## KIND OF BOOKS.

In answer to the question, "What books do you desire?" by far the greater number of children wished fairy tales. This same fact was brought out in the Friday Morning Club Recreational Survey. These foreign people are endowed with imagination. It is a rare gift; one that might be welcomed in a land which is young and practical minded.

Next, the desire in almost as great a number was for stories, and there were demands for magazines, newspapers, history, books on war,



machinery, poultry, carpentry, electricity, religion, the dictionary and the Bible. A great many of those interrogated did not answer this question. No doubt, because they could not read at all, or could not read English well enough to enjoy books.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE LOS ANGELES PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The foreign population in the city of Los Angeles is large enough to demand the entire time of at least one librarian. She should combine social service interests with the ability to speak several languages. With such assistance, the foreign work in Boyle Heights, Central avenue, San Pedro branches and the main library could be improved and developed.

A thoughtful consideration of this foreign problem brings to light the need for careful systematic work in the night schools, where the teacher can be informed of the deposits of books, the use of old magazines, the loan of pictures and other special helps in their work; where classes may be informed of the free public library to help them in their education as soon as they have mastered the mechanics of reading; where visits to the library may be arranged; rules explained, cards taken, and all departments inspected. There is also this same need in the afternoon classes for mothers, and in groups of employes meeting in factories, canneries, carshops and similar industries employing large numbers of foreigners.

At the time of the city's reception of the new citizens there should be a library representative to meet the people and spread the knowledge of the library, and occasionally to have a place on the program of the evening.

Several social agencies have expressed the need for a folder printed in several languages besides English, telling of the free civic opportunities such as the library, night schools, playgrounds, baths, parks, museums, clinics, and a digest of those city ordinances which would be likely to touch the life of the foreigner. It would seem to be a desirable piece of co-operation if the library could prepare such a folder. There is also need for bibliographies in Spanish, Italian, Russian, Yiddish and Armenian. Posters in foreign languages announcing the free use of the library should be placed at strategic points in the foreign colonies. If approached, many foreign clubs and newspapers would undoubtedly give space and consideration to the library.

There is also need for constant replenishing of books in simple English for foreign-speaking people, and now that the cessation of hostilities has come, we hope the foreign collection may be augmented. Such a collection has value not only in an educational way, but in the

first friendliness it frequently establishes with lonely strangers in our midst.

We should like also to see more deposits established in foreign districts, which would have special attention and encouragement from the library.

Undoubtedly with someone in charge of the foreign work broader opportunities for service than are now apparent would be discovered. It is a chance for the library to contribute to the greater development of an intelligent, contented and united nation.

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### SETTLEMENTS AND NURSERIES.

The Settlement, that haven of help, which is always there and always open, is doing a notable work in socialization. The reports show classes in sewing, knitting, cooking, English, housekeeping, folk dancing, music, laundry, millinery, toy making.

#### EXCERPTS FROM THE REPORTS.

##### *From the Ida Straus Day Nursery and Settlement:*

"Nationalities—Jewish.

We have a circulating library and reading room—no restrictions.

Piano lessons are given gratis to any children coming to the settlement and they may use the house piano for practicing.

Health department conferences for babies are held weekly in the building, a physician and nurse in attendance."

##### *The Los Angeles Settlement House:*

"This Settlement is a social institution, maintained for the purpose of Americanizing the alien within our midst and of raising the citizenship standard of our foreign-born population.

The great need supplied by this settlement is shown in the fact that it serves between five and six hundred visitors each month.

In the medical dispensary and clinic, over 3,400 cases were treated in one year."

##### *International Institute:*

"Nationalities—nine.

There are 17 girls' clubs; 192 enrolled; 372 attendances during one month, each club meeting once a week. They sew, do Red Cross and Patriotic League work, gardening, etc."

##### *Neighborhood Settlement House:*

"Nationalities—sixteen.

We reach between 600 and 700 families."

##### *Brownson House:*

"Nationalities—nine; 90 per cent Mexican.

Self helpfulness is exalted. Small fees are paid for clothing, etc.



Visitors at Settlement house average 16 per day. Visits in home by field worker average 9 per day.

Employment is secured for all who need it.

A loan closet is maintained for use of district nurses among bed-ridden poor.

Picnics and excursions are given; Christmas tree annually; holiday celebrations.

Handiwork is sold, and full price given to maker, unless material has been furnished, in which case the wholesale cost of material is deducted.

The number attending various activities in one month was 1,087."

The Music School Settlement is unique and should be far-reaching in its influence because most of the foreign population are music loving. It is in a part of the district where there are Italians and many of the children obtain instruction at a nominal cost.

Surely there is a response to the lure of education and recreation. The municipality will some day realize that it is its function to provide educational and recreational facilities for *all* its people, the immigrant included, and that it will be one of its best investments.

St. Elizabeth Day Nursery takes care of 80 children. It includes Japanese, Chinese and Negroes.

The children of the wage-earning mother is a problem which the Day Nursery has arisen to meet.

The Ida Straus Day Nursery takes care daily of 30 children at a charge of ten cents per day.

The mothers work in laundries, are cloak and suit operators, and day workers. Most of them obtain employment through the aid of the Nursery Board.

The children are looked after scientifically and are, in most instances, in much better condition than they could possibly be if the mother remained at home. However, this is not at all recommended as the ideal plan, as every child should have the advantage of home training.

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## MISSIONS.

There are reports from 6 Missions: 3 Baptist, 2 Methodist Episcopal, 1 Japanese Union Church and "The House of Light."

All but one have on Sunday two church services and Sunday school. The one exception has two Sunday school sessions, one in English and one in Spanish. All of the services of one mission in a Mexican district are in Spanish.

Besides the Sunday services, there are weekly prayer meetings, Bible classes, Epworth League and Christian Endeavor meetings. The average attendance at religious services of all kinds is 36, although in many instances there are but 10 or 12 present. At four of the missions there are sewing classes for girls and mothers, with an average attendance of 20. "At each sewing class we give a Bible lesson also."

There are clubs for boys: Animal Rescue, Scouts, home gardening in which 10 Mexican boys are interested.



All have home visitors. Two of them report: "We make over 100 calls per month." The nationalities reached are, for the most part, Mexican, Japanese, Italian, Syrian and Russian.

A few have social gatherings, excursions, picnics, and holiday celebrations.

"We have a medical clinic Monday and Thursday mornings, 9:00 to 12. Have treated Mexicans, Spanish, Austrians, Italians, Syrians, Negroes, French and Americans."

The work of the Japanese Mission is interesting. It is the only one maintained by the foreigners themselves, and shows their zeal to learn English.

Copied from the questionnaire filled out by the Japanese Mission. Entertainments—once a month and literary evenings once a month. Visiting in neighborhood—a lady is engaged to do this work.

Educational	Enroll- ment	Meetings per week	Length of lesson	Number of teachers
(a) Bible classes -----	94	1	1 hour	-----
(b) English -----	72	5	2 hours	5
(c) Sewing -----				-----
(d) Cooking -----				-----
(e) Japanese taught -----	34	5	2 hours	2

It is to be noted that they maintain two-hour classes in English five times a week, with five teachers. The Japanese live sometimes in colonies, perhaps from necessity, but they have an eagerness to learn the English language and adapt themselves to customs of the United States.

Most of the other foreigners live in colonies from desire, and must be persuaded to attend classes. They seem more diffident and clannish.

While the answers to the questionnaire show that there is some effort made toward socialization, it is small.

No doubt the difference between the Settlement and Mission is that the Mission is primarily a religious institution. Might it not be that the religious element could be strengthened by a broad effort at socialization?

### PLAYGROUNDS.

As Los Angeles was the first city in the United States to have a municipal playground commission, it was necessary for the commissioners to depend upon their own initiative and experiment.

In 1905 there was one playground in Los Angeles, now there are eleven—seven of which are in this district, including the new one at Custer and Temple, which is just ready to open.

	Total attendance in 1918	Nationalities	Swimming	Orchestra	Community singing
1. Downey -----	59,407	Italians (66½ per cent) Mexican Austrian Irish	No	No	No
2. Echo Park -----	182,919	Jews (60 per cent)	Wading pool	Broken up by war	Yes
3. Hazard -----	68,825		No	No	Yes
4. Recreation Center -----	82,966	Mexican Italian Austrian	No	No	No
5. Salt Lake -----	98,507	Russian Armenian Mexican Greek Japanese	Wading pool	No	Girls' club
6. Violet Street -----	92,568	Mexican (63½ per cent) Italian Syrian Greek	No	No	No
7. Custer—just ready to open---			Yes		
	585,192				

The total attendance is 585,192. That is a large number. Whatever other objection may be urged against the playgrounds, it can not be said they are not used. It means that 1,603 people go every day. If you have ever lived in a village you will know exactly what a large number of people 1,603 is.

An average of 267 a day and 1,169 a week at each playground.

They all have a clubhouse and the ordinary apparatus for athletics and games: tennis, baseball, handball, volleyball, basketball, soccer, bowling, etc.

Almost all of them have boys' and girls' and mixed clubs, evening parties (usually dancing) and holiday celebrations.

Only in the new one, which is not yet open, is there a swimming pool. But it is the hope of the commission to install sometime a pool in every playground.



There is not an orchestra in any of the playgrounds and only three report community singing.

This seems regrettable because music speaks a universal language and is one important means of helping the foreigner to adjust himself to new and strange conditions.

The commission hopes to make an open-air Recreation Center at the Plaza and to resume the band concerts which were discontinued during the war.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE DIRECTORS.

1. A pool and billiard room in the new Downey Clubhouse to offset the commercialized pool room.
2. "Clean up" the pool halls.
3. Have the police keep a closer watch on the activities of pool rooms.
4. Increase the size of the Echo Park Clubhouse 50 per cent.
5. Better police protection for young girls who pass through Echo Park.
6. In the Salt Lake district there is due need of an assembly hall large enough to accommodate large numbers for meetings, social gatherings, dances, clubs and gymnasium classes.
7. Broad-minded policemen who understand the conditions of the neighborhood.
8. At motion picture houses—a censorship of films, better ventilation and higher-class music.
9. Investigation of child labor during nut-cracking season.  
(a) Inspection of nut-cracking places by Pure Food Administration.
10. City to improve street conditions.
11. A public library in the immediate neighborhood, as they will not go far from their homes.

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#### COMMERCIALIZED RECREATION.

There were licenses taken out for 92 billiard halls and 25 motion picture houses in this district. These should be more closely supervised and censored.

After motion pictures in popularity, come in order, parks, playgrounds, beaches, singing, music, reading, dancing and visiting.

It is little wonder that there is a desire for space—for an opportunity to stretch after the cramped existence, both mental and physical, in their congested quarters.



It is regrettable that the Park Commission, on account of lack of appropriation, has never been able to use the plans submitted by Laurie Davidson Cox in 1914.

There are only two swimming pools; one at Macy street and one in the new playground at Temple and Custer, which is not yet open.

At Macy street the children have regular instruction in swimming and the pool, which unfortunately, is small, is open to the people of the neighborhood. In congested districts, where a private bathroom is unknown, public baths and swimming pools would help to inspire the oft-repeated phrase, "American standards of living."

There was a magnificent example of the co-operation of social agencies during the influenza epidemic in Los Angeles, as the following excerpts from reports will show:

(1) *From the Y. W. C. A.:*

"The idea of establishing a community kitchen for the influenza patients in Los Angeles was originated by the Executive of the International Institute of the Y. W. C. A. The Civilian Relief Department of the American Red Cross agreed to finance the work, the Motor Corps was to furnish trucks and drivers, and the Canteen Service was to have the general supervision of the kitchen. The city schools of Los Angeles formed another co-operative agency, for they furnished the Domestic Science room at the Utah Street School and all the kitchen equipment. the Domestic Science teachers gave their services to cook the food, and several of the home teachers did district visiting in connection with the influenza patients. The Y. W. C. A. and the International Institute of the Y. W. C. A. handled the executive and the office end of the work. They were also responsible for furnishing the girls who went out on the trucks and into the homes to serve the food. In a time of universal catastrophe it is a noteworthy fact that these three institutions were able to carry out successfully this plan of co-operative relief work.

There were eleven nationalities affected by the work, if one groups together the Slavic people in one group. By far the largest number were Mexicans. The numbers of families of each nationality, as far as the records show, are as follows:

Mexicans -----	138	Americans -----	14
Japanese -----	30	Armenians -----	15
Slavic -----	9	Italians -----	8
Swedish -----	4	Negro -----	4
Jewish -----	4	French -----	3
German -----	2		

This is a partial record which the follow-up workers will make complete in time. The Japanese had a unique manner of handling their cases. The Japanese Benevolent Society receives every year contributions from the Japanese Colony, to be used in any disaster which may come upon them. Through the Japanese home visitor of

the International Institute they asked permission to co-operate, and all their food was prepared and sent out from Utah street, but they met the expenses from the funds of their benevolent society.

The reports of needy cases came to the office from various different sources, but principally from the district nurses, the home teachers, the Settlement Houses, and from the foreign neighbors of the sick people, who had seen the trucks and knew what they meant. The supervisor of the Los Angeles Settlement went on the truck through her district herself daily.

There were 225 different families fed, which means some 780 individuals. One of the most valuable pieces of information which was obtained from the records, is the length of time during which the different families received help.

Less than 1 week -----	136 families.
1 to 2 weeks -----	66 families.
2 to 3 weeks -----	23 families.
Over 3 weeks -----	7 families.

These figures go to show that it really was an emergency relief measure, as by far the largest number received help less than one week.

In the future Los Angeles will be more able to carry out a successful Americanization program, because of this relief work and of the direct contact of the foreigner with Americans who came as friends.

#### (2) *From the City Bureau of Nursing:*

With the splendid co-operation of several organizations a temporary home was opened for well children left uncared for when influenza entered their homes. The St. Elizabeth Day Nursery became a home for the babies, their milk formulas being prepared in the city milk station and sent to them daily. When the canteen opened, the nurses sent in over 200 calls the first day—a rather interesting sidelight on the conditions under which they had been working.

Meanwhile the city opened an emergency hospital at 936 Yale street; also one at San Pedro and procured several housekeepers to assist the nurses by washing dishes and linen and sweeping floors.

During October the nurses made 3,174 visits to influenza cases and 341 visits to maternity patients, making a daily average of 10 influenza and one post-partum case for each nurse, since several of the nurses were off duty ill.

#### (3) *From Report of the Home Economics Teachers:*

The Home Economics teachers did most of the cooking. At first workers from the other canteens assisted, but soon they found that it was too heavy for them to carry with their other duties, and they were obliged to leave it to the teachers.

The teachers came in two groups daily. One came in at eight in the morning and worked until one o'clock, the other came at one and worked until dark.

#### (4) *From the Los Angeles Settlement House:*

The Los Angeles Settlement House, finding that the hospitals were rapidly becoming so congested that it was impossible to find accommodations, made an effort to establish a temporary hospital in the district.



No suitable house could be found which would conform to the city requirements. At last an expedient was advanced by the health office to the effect that a convalescent home be established.

The Settlement House Board of Directors acted promptly on this suggestion, secured the Mount Washington Hotel by paying the rent for three months with the privilege of an indefinite lease, asked the city council for, and was granted an appropriation of \$10,500 for equipment, and then turned it all over to the health department to organize and run.

Among other activities for the relief of the influenza situation, was the privilege of working with the Canteen Service of the Red Cross, which did such heroic work.

In this way we made over 600 visits, giving food to over 2,400 people.

Other co-operating organizations were put in touch with time and place for help. Of these the County Charities, through their outdoor relief, provided many homes with food, clothing, bedding and a home for temporary orphans.

The street commissioner responded with a special "clean up" for the District.

The Housing Commission "hustled" the property owners for proper housing conditions.

The sanitary inspectors gave service whenever needed. While everywhere present, responding to every call and doing most valiant and valuable service, was the health office, the city doctors, and city nurses.

#### (5) *From Brownson House:*

When the quarantine order was made by the city health department, its full meaning was not realized at Brownson House, but immediately all the usual gatherings at the Settlement House were suspended. The clinic was to remain open.

Brownson House reported 77 cases of influenza to the health department. There were many deaths; about 20 of these were in families in the immediate neighborhood. The badly-ventilated dwellings and the crowded rooms favored the spread of the disease in the family.

When a member of the household went to the hospital, all the daily inquiries and reports were made through Brownson House. When death came, it was the sad duty of the settlement workers to notify the family at home. Then came the filling out of insurance papers, the collection of insurance, and the funeral arrangements, even as to the clothing of the dead. When the mother was stricken, there were promises to make to the dying woman solicitous for her little children, and there were the children to be fed and cared for, until some arrangement could be made.

Bed linen and other necessities for the sick room were loaned from the Brownson House closet.

No matter at what hour the appeal came, Brownson House was ready. When nothing more could be done there were always sympathy and love to share with the sorely afflicted. Sympathy and love, in fact, hallowed all the work of the days of sadness.

(6) *From the St. Elizabeth Day Nursery:*

The St. Elizabeth Day Nursery, which in normal times cares for 80 children, fed 40 children and 20 mothers in co-operation with:

- (1) The Enlisted Men's Club, which sent 40 pints of milk and 10 pounds of lamb stew.
- (2) Council of Defense, which sent 100 quarts of fruit, jelly and preserves.
- (3) The employers of the mothers.
- (4) The Utah Street Canteen.

The children came out like little birds to be fed, and, although the cook was taken sick and the first assistant left on account of fear, the children and their mothers were fed daily.

Some of the neighbors, who were considered a menace, who had been reported to the health department several times for keeping such a dirty place, showed undreamed of spirit of help. They furnished messengers to carry the food and were helpful in many other ways. A great misfortune often discloses splendid traits of character which have been deeply buried through many influences.

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It is interesting to note that the shortcomings of the Mexicans were their salvation in this epidemic. Their houses are so full of chinks that the fresh air fans through undisturbed, and the predilection for sunning themselves—they crawl out just as instinctively as the lizard—provided heaven-given medicine.

They are so lacking in parsimony, that even though eggs cost 86 cents a dozen and milk 8 cents a pint, they buy as long as they have money. The result is, they are well nourished.

On the contrary, the Russians' virtues worked to their detriment. They live in snug, well-built houses, tightly closed, so that not a breath of fresh air enters. They crowd the rooms and stay in frightened isolation.

Their ideas of frugality would never allow them to buy eggs or other food at extravagant prices.

Another thing brought out by the work during the epidemic was the disinclination to accept aid when not needed, and the positive refusal to accept longer than absolutely necessary. Many times, but for the explanation of the home teacher or settlement visitor, whom they knew and trusted, it would have been impossible to render assistance.

One home teacher writes: "Many a family whose breadwinner was stricken, having given their last dollar to the physician or pharmacy, have for the first time, in deepest despair and humiliation, received alms. Often have they refused this and were induced to accept it only when offered as a loan. I knew of certain physicians who paid for the medicines, knowing that it could not be repaid along with his fees.



Most people have the impression that the foreign poor stand with hands outstretched to receive alms."

The one most encouraging thing shown by the reports was the splendid spirit of co-operation, and giving to others the praise.

In moments of great crises we respond to a spiritual elation unknown in the normal every day life.

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## RECOMMENDATIONS.

### DISTRICT II.

*Palo Verde asks for:*

1. Lights.

There is not enough light for night school students to see, not enough for evening games indoors, and no use of the playground at night. The wiring is done and it would cost \$350 to bring electricity.

2. An auditorium.

The school is the only meeting place in the district and there is no room adequate to meet the demand.

3. Better streets.

The Mexicans are moving to the more congested quarters. This is regrettable because they have decent homes, plenty of fresh air and sunshine.

One of the gas company's employes said he had taken out fifty meters.

4. An extension of the district to Broadway to include Italians.

Now the children never speak English except when in the presence of the teacher.

### DISTRICT IV.

*Cornwell asks for:*

1. Home Teacher.

2. Baths.

*Malabar asks for:*

1. Night school.

*The Nurses ask for:*

1. Milk.

2. Baths.

## DISTRICT VII.

1. That there be more social service work done among the Russians.
2. That duplication of work be avoided.

There are girls going to sewing classes at House of Light, International Institute, Garnet Street Mission, and at Hostetter School.

3. That a public playground be established. The school playground is not open after school hours.
4. That the streets be paved.

There is a federal rule that unless the street is paved mail need not be delivered—and it is not.

There is no milk delivery and no garbage collection.

It would be well if some of the rigid sanitary measures of the army camp could be taken over to civil life. The indiscriminate dumping of garbage is certainly a menace.

5. That a medical and dental clinic be established in the vicinity.
6. That an effort be made to put different nationalities in the same school. A school for one nationality does not Americanize.
7. That a penny kitchen be established at Euclid Avenue School.

## DISTRICT VIII.

Ninth Street School asks for baths.

## DISTRICT X.

1. That a day nursery be established at Hewitt Street School.

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As a result of the survey, it was discovered that agencies which had thought of the city only in terms of their own problems saw that their needs were the same. The following recommendations, if they were accepted, would increase the efficiency of all the workers:

## FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS.

1. That all agencies have the same fiscal year, so that annual reports will cover the same period.
2. That there be worked out a unified system of districting the city; there is nothing which would so facilitate co-operation among the social agencies. The recent epidemic showed eloquently what can be accomplished by co-operation in a crisis. Why wait for crises? There is a crisis every day in the lives of these people.
3. That a dental clinic be established where adults as well as children may be treated. The Department of Health and Development of the Public Schools has promised that the school clinic would give space for an adult clinic if the equipment could be provided.



4. That milk be distributed to families on the recommendation of the visiting nurse without other formality. This preventive measure would often avoid sickness and its concomitant dependence.

5. That some system of enforced employment be undertaken by the city to prevent vagrancy.

The following statistics were compiled from the questionnaires filled in by the school teachers:

## NATIONALITIES.

## Estimated Numbers in the Eleven Districts.

Nationality	District I.	District II.	District III.	District IV.	District V.	District VI.	District VII.	District VIII.	District IX.	District X.	District XI.	Totals.
Austria-Hungary	15	14	2	6	2	17	4	4	1	18	1	84
British Isles	40	4	1	25	13	13	4	8	1	11	2	122
China	8							5		44	6	63
France	19	6	1	16	6	3	6	5		3	12	77
Germany	15		1	11	9	22	16	4	2	20	1	101
Italy	36	147	20	25	5	9	5	21	22	7	68	360
Japan	3					7			1	61	46	125
Jews <sup>1</sup>	138			201	60	17	32	8		16		472
Mexico	73	308	13	58	77	81	107	103	49	66	244	1,179
Russia	9			10	36	5	48	3		2	1	114
Turkey <sup>2</sup>	4	8	1	1	34	1	9			2	13	73
United States <sup>3</sup>	294	55	2	117	116	29	16	199	48	88	12	976
Other nationalities <sup>4</sup>	40	11	1	6	9	26	31	18	3	8	8	161
No report	37	24	5	5	14	1	2	5	2	14	3	112
Totals	731	577	48	481	381	231	280	389	129	360	412	4,019

## Estimated Percentages in the Eleven Districts.

Nationality	District I.	District II.	District III.	District IV.	District V.	District VI.	District VII.	District VIII.	District IX.	District X.	District XI.	Totals.
Austria-Hungary	2	2	4	1		7	1	1		5		2.1
British Isles	5		2	5	3	6	1	2		3		3.1
China	1							1		12	1	1.6
France	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	1			2	1.9
Germany	2		2	2	2	8	5	1	1	5		2.5
Italy	5	26	46	5	1	3	1	5	17	2	12	9.2
Japan			2			3		1		17	11	3.1
Jews	19			42	16	7	11	2		2		12
Mexico	10	55	30	12	21	35	38	26	38	19	59	30.1
Russia	1			2	9	2	17					2.9
Turkey		1	2		9		3				3	1.8
United States	42	9	4	24	31	12	5	51	37	25	2	24.9
Other nationalities	5	2	2	1	2	11	11	4	2	2	2	4.1
No report	5	4	11	1	3			1	1	3		2.8

<sup>1</sup>For the purposes of this survey, it seemed better to classify the Jewish race separately, than to include them in their various nationalities.

<sup>2</sup>Turks include Syrians and Armenians.

<sup>3</sup>United States includes Indian and native colored.

<sup>4</sup>Other nationalities include Dutch, Canadians, Swiss, Roumanians, Australians, Finns, Poles, Portuguese, Danes, Swedes, Norwegians, Greeks, Servians, Cubans, Persians.

TABLE 1.

Number of Families, and Number of Adults and Children to Family, with Percentage of Families with Fewer than Five Children.

Nationality	Number of adults*						Number of children								Per cent fewer than 5.
	Total	1	2	3 to 5	5 plus	No report	0	1 to 2	3 to 4	5 to 7	8 to 10	10 plus	No report		
District I.															
Austria-Hungary	15	2	7	6				7	7	1					93.
British Isles	40	7	25	8				28	8	4					90.
China	8	1	4	1	1	1		4	3				1		100.
France	19	3	11	5				11	5	3					84.
Germany	15		9	4		2		8	4	1			2		92.
Italy	36		26	9	1			17	15	4					88.
Japan	3		1		1	1		1		1			1		50.
Jews	138	8	91	34	1	4	1	52	61	17	1		6		86.
Mexico	73	12	32	26	3			35	21	9	8				76.
Russia	9		6	3				4	4	1					85.
Turkey	4		2			1		1	1	1			1		66.
United States	294	42	180	63	4	5	2	219	55	10	1		7		95.8.
Other nationalities	40	6	24	8	1	1		26	7	4			3		89.
No report	37	7	24	6				33	4						100.
Totals	731	88	432	174	12	15	3	426	195	56	10		21		87.3.
District II.															
Austria-Hungary	14		8	2	3	1		4	6	4					71.
British Isles	4	2	1	1				1	2				1		100.
China															
France	6	1	3	1		1		6							100.
Germany															
Italy	147	5	92	59	1			61	47	34	4		1		73.9.
Japan															
Jews															
Mexico	308	33	136	116	18	5	4	110	109	72	9		4		73.
Russia															
Turkey	8	1	5	2				1	2	5					37.
United States	55	9	30	14	1	1	1	30	17	6			1		88.8.
Other nationalities	11		6	4	1			2	3	5			1		50.
No report	24	5	11	6		2	1	13	5	5					79.
Totals	577	56	282	205	24	10	6	228	191	131	13		8		74.6.
District III.															
Austria-Hungary	2					2	1						1		100.
British Isles	1			1				1							100.
China															
France	1		1						1						100.
Germany	1					1	1								100.
Italy	20		11	8		1	1	5	6	7	1				60.
Japan	1					1							1		
Jews															
Mexico	13		9	3		1	1	5	2	2			3		80.
Russia															
Turkey	1			1				1							100.
United States	2	1	1					2							100.
Other nationalities	1		1						1						100.
No report	5	2		1		2		2	1				2		100.
Totals	48	3	23	14		8	4	16	11	9	1		7		75.6.

\*The family is considered the unit. One adult in family; 2 adults in family; 3 to 5 adults in family, etc. No child in family; 1 to 2 children in family; 3 to 4 children in family, etc.



TABLE 1—Continued.

Number of Families, and Number of Adults and Children to Family, with Percentage of Families with Fewer than Five Children.

Nationality	Number of adults*						Number of children							Per cent fewer than 5
	Total	1	2	3 to 5	5 plus	No report	0	1 to 2	3 to 4	5 to 7	8 to 10	10 plus	No report	
District IV.														
Austria-Hungary	6		3	3				2	2	2				66
British Isles	25	2	13	8	2			13	10	2				92
China														
France	16	1	6	8	1			9	5	2				87
Germany	11		3	8				7	4					100
Italy	25		13	9	1	2		7	6	9	3			52
Japan														
Jews	201	9	142	46	4			81	85	33	2			82
Mexico	58	2	32	19	5		1	17	18	19		3		62
Russia	10		7	3				3	7					100
Turkey	1			1				1						100
United States	117	8	66	40	3			69	35	10	2	1		88
Other nationalities	6		4	2					4	2				66
No report	5		2		2	1		1	2	1			1	75
Totals	481	22	291	147	18	3	1	209	179	80	7	4	1	81
District V.														
Austria-Hungary	2	1			1			1	1					100
British Isles	13	2	9	1	1			5	7		1			92
China														
France	6		3	1		2		2	1	1			2	75
Germany	9	1	6	1		1		2	6				1	100
Italy	5		2	3							1		4	
Japan														
Jews	60	2	40	15	2	1		17	33	10				83
Mexico	77	9	40	24	2	2	1	21	20	23	4		8	60
Russia	36		21	13		2		3	16	12	2	1	2	55.8
Turkey	34		24	7	1	2		2	15	13	3		1	51
United States	116	10	68	27	1	10	1	62	29	14	2	1	7	84
Other nationalities	9		5	3	1			3	2	4				55
No report	14		9	4		1		8	3	1		1	1	84.6
Totals	381	25	227	99	9	21	2	126	133	78	13	3	26	73.5
District VI.														
Austria-Hungary	17		10	6	1			6	7	3	1			76
British Isles	13	1	7	4	1			8	4		1			92
China														
France	3	1	1	1				3						100
Germany	22	1	17	3		1		9	6	5	1		1	71
Italy	9		6	3				3	3	3				66
Japan	7	1	1	1		4		1	2				4	100
Jews	17	3	11	1	2			7	5	5				70
Mexico	81	3	47	26	3	2		19	20	36	4		2	49
Russia	5		5					3	2					100
Turkey	1	1							1					100
United States	29		20	8		1		10	11	6	1		1	75
Other nationalities	26	1	16	4	2	3		11	9	4			2	83
No report	1			1				1						100
Totals	231	12	141	58	9	11		81	70	62	8		10	68

TABLE 1—Continued.

Number of Families, and Number of Adults and Children to Family, with Percentage of Families with Fewer than Five Children.

Nationality	Number of adults*						Number of children						Per cent fever than 5.	
	Total	1	2	3 to 5	5 plus	No report	0	1 to 2	3 to 4	5 to 7	8 to 10	10 plus		No report
District VII.														
Austria-Hungary	4		2	2				3	1					100
British Isles	4		2	2				4						100
China														
France	6		3	3				3	3					100
Germany	16		7	8	1			7	7	2				87
Italy	5		3	2				4	1					100
Japan														
Jews	32	4	15	10	1	2		16	13	1			2	96.6
Mexico	107	6	59	39	2	1	3	30	35	33	4		2	64.7
Russia	48	2	30	13	2	1		9	13	24	2			43
Turkey	9	1	5	1		2	1	3	3				2	100
United States	16	5	9	2			1	6	5				4	100
Other nationalities	31	1	19	8	2	1		14	11	4	2			75
No report	2		1	1				1		1				50
Totals	230	19	155	91	8	7	5	100	93	64	8		10	73
District VIII.														
Austria-Hungary	4		2	1		1		2	1				1	100
British Isles	8		3	3	2			4	3			1		87
China	5		4			1		4					1	100
France	5		3	1		1		4					1	100
Germany	4			4				3	1					100
Italy	21	5	7	8		1		2	4	11	3		1	30
Japan	6		5			1		3	2				1	100
Jews	8		2	5		1		4	3				1	100
Mexico	103	9	45	39	4	6		33	33	24	6	1	6	69
Russia	3	1	1			1		1	1				1	100
Turkey														
United States	199	33	94	61	5	6	2	127	40	21			9	83.6
Other nationalities	18	1	9	6	1	1	5	4	6	1			2	93.7
No report	5		4	1				3	1	1				80
Totals	389	49	179	129	12	20	7	194	95	58	9	2	24	81
District IX.														
Austria-Hungary	1			1					1					100
British Isles	1	1						1						100
China														
France														
Germany	2	1	1				2							100
Italy	22	2	13	7			1	2	6	13				40
Japan	1			1									1	
Jews														
Mexico	49	4	27	18			1	10	19	18	1			61
Russia														
Turkey														
United States	48	8	25	14		1	2	20	16	6			4	86
Other nationalities	3		2	1				2	1					100
No report	2		2					1		1				50
Totals	129	16	70	42		1	6	36	43	38	1		5	68.5



TABLE 1—Continued.

Number of Families, and Number of Adults and Children to Family, with Percentage of Families with Fewer than Five Children.

Nationality	Number of adults*						Number of children							Per cent fewer than 5.
	Total	1.	2.	3 to 5.	5 plus.	No report.	0.	1 to 2.	3 to 4.	5 to 7.	8 to 10.	10 plus.	No report.	
District X.														
Austria Hungary	18		7	10		1		13	4				1	100
British Isles	11	6	3	1	1		3	6	1				1	100
China	44	7	14	14	4	5	1	13	19	8			3	80
France	3		2	1				2	1					100
Germany	20	1	14	4		1		10	4	4			2	100
Italy	7	1	3	2	1		1	5	1					100
Japan	61	1	36	16	6	2		27	27	4			3	93
Jews	16		12	4				6	9	1				94
Mexico	63	7	27	25	3	4		29	16	13	5		3	71
Russia	2		1	1				2						100
Turkey	2	2						2						100
United States	88	24	40	19	2	3	5	56	14	2	4		7	93.8
Other nationalities	8		5	2		1		4	3				1	100
No report	14	3	6	3		2	1	7	3				3	100
Totals	360	52	170	102	17	19	11	182	102	32	9		24	87.7
District XI.														
Austria-Hungary	1		1						1					100
British Isles	2	1	1					2						100
China	6	2	4					3	1	1	1			66
France	12	1	7	4				8	4					100
Germany	1		1						1					100
Italy	63	3	51	8	1			37	17	5	2		2	89
Japan	46	1	36	8	1			17	20	8		1		80
Jews														
Mexico	244	36	142	59	6	1	2	82	85	47	9		19	75
Russia	1					1							1	
Turkey	13		12	1				2	4	7				46
United States	12	4	8				2	7	3					100
Other nationalities	3	1	7					4	3				1	100
No report	3		3					1	1				1	100
Totals	412	49	273	80	8	2	4	163	140	63	12	1	24	79

TABLE 1—Concluded.

Number of Families, and Number of Adults and Children to Family, with Percentage of Families with Fewer Than Five Children.

## SUMMARY.

Nationality	Total	Per cent with fewer than 5 children
Austria Hungary -----	84	86.4
British Isles -----	122	92.5
China -----	63	85
France -----	77	91.8
Germany -----	101	86.3
Italy -----	360	70.7
Japan -----	125	87.7
Jews -----	472	82.5
Mexico -----	1,179	69
Russia -----	114	61.8
Turkey -----	73	37.9
United States -----	976	90.6
Other nationalities -----	161	82.7
No report -----	112	76.6
Totals -----	4,019	79.4

However lacking in contact knowledge, everybody pictures the Ghetto, Little Italy, and the Mexican quarter as dirty spots with tumble-down shacks and swarming with children.

Contrary to these preconceived opinions, 79.4 per cent of the foreigners in this district have fewer than 5 children.

This is, however, no doubt due to the high percentage of infant mortality. According to this table the Turks, Russians, Mexicans and Italians, in the order given, have the largest families.



TABLE 2.

Families Classified by Length of Residence in State and Naturalization.

Nationality	Length of residence							Naturalization			
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	10 years or more	No report	Yes	Per cent	No	No report
District I.											
Austria-Hungary	15				1	10	4	8	72.7	3	4
British Isles	40		1		7	13	19	27	84	5	8
China	8					2	6				
France	19				1	6	12	9	90	1	9
Germany	15			1	2	5	7	8	100		7
Italy	36			1	4	14	17	19	73	7	10
Japan	3					2	1				
Jews	133	1	4	5	12	70	46	73	76.8	22	43
Mexico	73		3	2	6	17	45	11	34	21	41
Russia	9		1			4	4	5	62	3	1
Turkey	4		1			2	1	2	100		2
United States	294										
Other nationalities	40	1	3	2	3	18	13	17	62.9	10	13
No report	37					1	36				37
Totals	731	2	13	11	37	163	211	179	71	72	175
District II.											
Austria-Hungary	14				2	5	7	4	57	3	7
British Isles	4					3	1	2	100		2
China											
France	6		1		2		3			3	3
Germany											
Italy	147		1	8	14	24	103	34	51.5	32	81
Japan											
Jews											
Mexico	208	9	14	13	25	43	204	12	11	94	202
Russia	8										
Turkey	8					2	6			1	7
United States	55										
Other nationalities	11					1	10	3	100		8
No report	24		1	1	1		21			4	20
Totals	577	9	17	22	44	78	352	55	14	133	330
District III.											
Austria-Hungary	2					1	1	1	100		1
British Isles	1		1								1
China											
France	1						1				1
Germany	1				1			1	100		
Italy	20			1	2	3	14	1	10	9	10
Japan	1						1				
Jews											
Mexico	13		4			2	7	2	33	4	7
Russia											
Turkey	1						1				1
United States	2										
Other nationalities	1			1						1	
No report	5						5				5
Totals	48		5	2	3	6	30	5	21	14	26

TABLE 2—Continued.

Families Classified by Length of Residence in State and Naturalization.

Nationality	Length of residence						Naturalization				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	10 years or more	No report	Yes	Per cent.	No	No report
District IV.											
Austria-Hungary	6				1	3	2	2	33	4	
British Isles	25			1	2	16	6	22	100		3
China											
France	16			2		14		11	78.5	3	2
Germany	11			1	2	7	1	11	100		
Italy	25			1	5	16	3	9	42.3	12	4
Japan											
Jews	201		5	9	33	13	18	102	56.8	77	22
Mexico	58		3	3	15	30	7	23	52.8	25	5
Russia	10				2	7	1	2	25	6	2
Turkey	1				1					1	
United States	117										
Other nationalities	6			1	1	2	2	2	50	2	2
No report	5					2	3	1	50	1	3
Totals	481		8	18	67	110	43	190	59	131	43
District V.											
Austria-Hungary	2					1	1	1	50	1	
British Isles	13		1		1	8	3	4	100		9
China											
France	6				1	3	2	4	100		2
Germany	9				1	6	2	5	83	1	3
Italy	5			1	1	1	2	1	25	3	1
Japan											
Jews	60		1	5	12	23	14	26	63	15	19
Mexico	77	3	1	7	4	13	44	12	25.5	35	30
Russia	36			3	14	11	8	1	5.5	17	18
Turkey	34			9	8	7	10	3	23	10	21
United States	116										
Other nationalities	9					4	5	2	50	2	5
No report	14			1	1	3	9			1	13
Totals	381	3	3	26	43	90	100	59	40.9	85	121
District VI.											
Austria-Hungary	17			1	7	6	3	10	68.6	5	2
British Isles	13			1	4	3	5	8	88.8	1	4
China											
France	3					2	1	2	100		1
Germany	22			2	4	12	4	13	86.6	2	7
Italy	9				3	3	3	3	42.8	4	2
Japan	7				1	5	1				
Jews	17					15	2	7	50	7	3
Mexico	81	1	3	1	8	41	27	14	29.7	33	34
Russia	5					4	1	1	33	2	2
Turkey	1				1					1	
United States	29										
Other nationalities	26				5	14	7	12	75	6	8
No report	1						1				1
Totals	231	1	3	5	33	105	55	70	53	61	64



TABLE 2—Continued.

Families Classified by Length of Residence in State and Naturalization.

Nationality	Length of residence						Naturalization				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	10 years or more	No report	Yes	Per cent.	No	No report
District VII.											
Austria-Hungary	4					4		4	100		
British Isles	4		1		1	2		4	100		
China											
France	6					4	2	2	100		4
Germany	16			1	2	10	3	10	76.8	3	3
Italy	5					4	1	4	100		1
Japan											
Jews	32				3	23	6	21	84	4	7
Mexico	107	1	6	4	47	27	22	7	8.6	74	26
Russia	48			1	16	21	10	6	20.6	23	19
Turkey	9				4	3	2	2	28	5	2
United States	16										
Other nationalities	31			2	2	23	4	26	100		5
No report	2					1	1	2	100		
Totals	230	1	7	8	75	122	51	88	44.6	109	67
District VIII.											
Austria-Hungary	4			1	1	2		2	66.6	1	1
British Isles	8			2	4	1	1	4	57	3	1
China	5	2			1		2				
France	5					1	4	1	50	1	3
Germany	4				1		3	1	25		3
Italy	21			2	4	11	4	5	35.7	9	7
Japan	6		1		4		1				
Jews	8		1	1	2	2	2	5	100		3
Mexico	103	2	17	8	20	13	43	5	9	50	49
Russia	3						3	1	50	1	1
Turkey											
United States	199										
Other nationalities	18	1	3	2		5	7	2	40	3	13
No report	5						5				5
Totals	389	5	22	16	37	35	75	28	27.6	68	85
District IX.											
Austria-Hungary	1						1				1
British Isles	1						1				1
China											
France											
Germany	2					2					2
Italy	22		1	2	2	2	15	6	54.5	5	11
Japan	1						1				
Jews											
Mexico	49		3	7	5	9	25	3	18.7	13	33
Russia											
Turkey											
United States	48										
Other nationalities	3		1				2	1	50	1	1
No report	2						2				2
Totals	129		5	9	7	13	47	10	34	19	52

TABLE 2—Continued.

Families Classified by Length of Residence in State and Naturalization.

Nationality	Length of residence							Naturalization			
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	10 years or more	No report	Yes	Per cent	No	No report
<b>District X.</b>											
Austria-Hungary	18			7	7	2	2	5	38	8	5
British Isles	11					8	3	8	88.9	1	2
China	44	1	10	2	4	6	21				
France	3					1	2	3	100		
Germany	20		1	1	3	4	11	7	70	3	10
Italy	7				2	1	4	3	75	1	3
Japan	61	1	3	1	6	14	36				
Jews	16				2	7	7	8	80	2	6
Mexico	66		5	1	6	9	45	7	38.8	11	43
Russia	2			1		1		1	100		1
Turkey	2						2	2	100		
United States	88										
Other nationalities	8			1		3	4	3	100		5
No report	14						14				14
Totals	360	2	19	14	30	53	151	47	64	23	94
<b>District XI.</b>											
Austria-Hungary	1						1				1
British Isles	2					1	1				1
China	6						6				
France	12		1		3	5	3	5	83	1	6
Germany	1						1				1
Italy	63	2	1	3	10	18	29	16	43	21	26
Japan	46	2	2	1	20	20	1				
Jews											
Mexico	244	6	22	32	60	51	73	12	7.8	141	91
Russia	1						1				1
Turkey	13				2	4	17	2	40	3	8
United States	12										
Other nationalities	8			1		3	4	3	75	1	4
No report	3		1		1		1	1	50	1	1
Totals	412	10	27	37	93	102	138	39	18.7	168	140



TABLE 2—Concluded.

Families Classified by Length of Residence in State and Naturalization.

## SUMMARY.

Nationality	Totals	Per cent
Austria-Hungary	84	59.6
British Isles	122	87.7
China	63	
France	77	80.4
Germany	101	86.1
Italy	300	47.1
Japan	125	
Jews	472	65.5
Mexico	1,179	18.4
Russia	114	24.6
Turkey	73	34.3
United States	976	
Other nationalities	161	73.1
No report	112	33.3
Totals	4,019	27.1

According to this table, the Mexicans, Russians, Turks and Italians, in order given, have the fewest number naturalized, and the British Isles, Germans and French, the largest.

The total in all districts is 27 per cent. A little more than one-fourth of our foreigners naturalized! And 43.9 per cent of them have been here over 10 years. Is it an arraignment—of them or of us?

TABLE 3.  
Families Classified by Literacy, Schooling, Use of Library, Etc., with Percentages.

Nationality	Read and write			Attend night school			Use library			Wish books				
	Total	Yes	No	No report	Present	Past	No	Yes	No	No report	Eng-lish	For- eign	No	No report
District I.														
Austria-Hungary	15	49 2/2	3 2/2	1	2	2	10	5	8	2	6	1	2	6
British Isles	40	30	10	2	4	1	16	18	19	9	17	1	1	22
China	8	3 1/2	1/2	4	1		2	5	2	4	3	3	1	4
France	19	13	2	4			6	13	10	9	3	1	1	11
Germany	15	12	3	3			7	8	5	5	3	3	1	12
Italy	36	21 4/2	9 4/2	2	2	2	18	16	4	22	10	3	6	24
Japan	3	2	1	1	1		1	2	2	1	1	1	3	2
Jews	138	81 25/2	23 25/2	9	5	19	62	52	61	40	35	20	11	72
Mexico	73	39 2/2	19 2/2	13	3	9	21	40	13	34	14	11	4	44
Russia	9	5 2/2	2 2/2		2	2	4	1	3	2	2	3	4	4
Turkey	4	3 1/2	1/2				3	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
United States	204	219 7/2	3 7/2	65	15	14	141	124	118	56	62	2	1	239
Other nationalities	40	30 2/2	4 2/2	4	2	7	16	15	9	17	14	12	4	22
No report	37	13	24	2			6	31	4	7	3		2	34
Totals	731	480 46/2	65 46/2	140	32	59	313	327	312	206	155	49	26	501
Percentage		85.0		22.5				40.5			88.6			
District II.														
Austria-Hungary	14	2	7	5			10	4	2	8	3	1	2	8
British Isles	4	3	1	1	1		1	2	1	3			4	4
China														
France	6	4	2			4	2		1	4	1			5
Germany														
Italy	147	37 5/2	49 5/2	56	9	10	70	58	11	30	106	8	11	119
Japan														
Jews														
Mexico	308	63 4/2	60 4/2	176	56	15	111	126	11	68	239	15	38	219
Russia														
Turkey	8	2	2	6	2	1	2	6	1	1	6		8	8
United States	55	19 1/2	1 1/2	34	2		27	26	4	3	48	3	1	51
Other nationalities	11	6	1	4		2	6	9	1	1	11	1	11	11
No report	24	3	1	20	3			15	1	23			24	24
Totals	577	147	128	302	71	31	229	246	97	446	30	50	18	479
Percentage		53.0		50.8				25.9			81.6			



## District III.

District III.									
Austria-Hungary	2	2			2				2
British Isles	1	1				1			1
China									
France	1			1					1
Germany	1	1			1				
Italy	20	5 1/2	12		5	1	13	1	19
Japan	1	1			1				1
Jews									
Mexico	13	5	6		4				
Russia			2			1	8	3	9
Turkey	1	1				1			1
United States	2		2			1			2
Other nationalities	1		1			1			1
No report	5	1	4				5		5
Totals	48	17 1/2	26		13	2	4	29	42
Percentage		77.0			78.9			83.9	100.0
District IV.									
Austria-Hungary	6	2 1/2							
British Isles	25	21				1	11	13	3
China									
France	16	12	3				10	6	1
Germany	11	11			1	1	3	0	2
Italy	25	10	15		2	3	18	2	1
Japan									
Jews	201	136 19/2	6		15	45	94	47	32
Mexico	58	33 1/2	7		3	7	32	16	8
Russia	10	6 1/2	3 1/2			4	5	1	1
Turkey	1	1					1		
United States	117	67	50		3	39	75	59	13
Other nationalities	6	4				6		3	1
No report	5	2					5		1
Totals	481	305 22/2	88		21	64	230	166	63
Percentage		76.5			26.9			40.6	89.0

### District IV.

[illegible]

\*The fraction is used when only one of the parents can read or write.

TABLE 3—Continued.  
Families Classified by Literacy, Schooling, Use of Library, Etc., with Percentages.

Nationality	Read and write			Attend night school			Use library			Wish books		
	Total	Yes	No	Present	Past	No report	Yes	No	No report	Eng-lish	For- eign	No report
<b>District V.</b>												
Austria-Hungary	2	1	1			2		1	1	1		1
British Isles	13	10	2			11		6	2	3	2	7
China												
France	6	6			1	4		2		1	1	4
Germany	9	9			1	7		3		1		8
Italy	5	3	2			1		1	4	1	1	3
Japan												
Jews	60	45 5/2	6 5/2	5	6	42		29	12	6	16	36
Mexico	77	28 1/2	17 1/2	31	1	19		21	52	3	7	65
Russia	36	14 1/2	16 1/2	5	2	20		6	8	4	13	16
Turkey	34	13 3/2	14 3/2	4	4	21		9	17	17	8	9
United States	116	98	18		2	77		32	21	17		98
Other nationalities	9	6 1/2	2 1/2		1	8		2	6	1	1	8
No report	14	10	1	3		5		3	1	1		14
Totals	381	248 11/2	58 11/2	60	12	215		143	128	55	50	264
Percentage		79.0	10.0					43.0		89.0		
<b>District VI.</b>												
Austria-Hungary	17	10 2/2	3 2/2	2	2	7		9	1	4	2	9
British Isles	13	13			1	4		6	2	5		8
China												
France	3	1										
Germany	22	12 1/2	4 1/2	1	1	15		9	1	6	7	2
Italy	9	3 2/2	4 2/2	2		7		1	6	2	1	8
Japan	7	3 1/2	3 1/2		1	6		4	2	2	5	6
Jews	17	11	4	2	2	9		3	7	4	4	5
Mexico	81	35 4/2	33 4/2	9	3	57		40	32	5	19	50
Russia	5	3	2	1		3		2	3			5
Turkey	1	1			1	1		1		1		1
United States	29	24 2/2	1 2/2	2	4	16		18	4	10		16
Other nationalities	26	18	5	3	1	16		8	6	6	4	14
No report	1		1			1		1			1	
Totals	231	135 12/2	60 12/2	24	15	144		107	67	45	44	123
Percentage		68.0	18.6					31.7		82.0		





TABLE 3—Continued.  
Families Classified by Literacy, Schooling, Use of Library, Etc., with Percentages.

Nationality	Read and write			Attend night school			Use library			Wish books					
	Total	Yes	No	No report	Present	Past	No	No report	Yes	No	No report	Eng-lish	For- eign	No	No report
District IX.															
Austria-Hungary	1			1								1			1
British Isles	1	1						1				1			1
China															
France															
Germany	2	2						2				1			2
Italy	22	4	16	2		4	10	8	4	6	12	1	5	1	16
Japan	1		1					1			1				1
Jews															
Mexico															
Russia	49	11 2/2	28 2/2	8	2	2	25	20	16	14	19	2	9		38
Turkey															
United States	48	36 1/2	6 1/2	5	2	12	18	16	8	20	20	15			33
Other nationalities	3	2		1			3			1	2	1			2
No report	2		1	1			1	1			2				2
Totals	129	50 3/2	52 3/2	18	4	18	57	50	28	42	59	19	14		96
Percentage		51.0			27.8				40.0			101.0			
District X.															
Austria-Hungary	18	8 4/2	6 4/2		2	3	4	9	7	8	3	7	4	5	2
British Isles	11	8		3		2	4	5	4			5		6	
China	44	15 2/2	19 2/2	8	1	1	19	23	7	11	26	7	2	8	27
France	3	2 1/2	1/2			1	1	1		2	1	1			2
Germany	20	13	3	4		3	8	9	5	11	4	5	3	3	9
Italy	7	3	1	3		1	1	6	2	1	4	1			
Japan	61	33 5/2	16 5/2	7	1	8	14	38	15	13	33	10	9		42
Jews	16	12 1/2	1 1/2	2	1	5	3	7	10	3	8	11	4		1
Mexico	60	25 4/2	22 4/2	15	18	3	27	18	9	13	44	9	9	5	43
Russia	2	1 1/2	1/2				1	1	1	1	1	1			1
Turkey	2	2			1		2			2				2	



United States	88	71	1	16	6	29	44	33	27	28	36	3	5	44
Other nationalities	8	7	1	8	3	5	12	5	3	10	1	1	1	7
No report	14	6			1	1			4					11
Totals	300	203 18/2	90 18/2	66	33	36	172	98	101	161	95	35	29	201
Percentage		73.0			36.7			49.0			81.0			
District XI.														
Austria-Hungary	1		1				1			1				1
British Isles	2	2					2	2			1			1
China	6	3 1/2	1/2	2			6	1		5				6
France	12	9	1	2	1		4	3	3	6	1	2		9
Germany	1	1/2	1/2				1	1						1
Italy	63	38 5/2	17 5/2	3	3	1	53	15	3	45	4	3	1	55
Japan	46	31 1/2	12 1/2	2	2	1	2	9	34	3	7	3	1	35
Jew														
Mexico	244	60 14/2	136 14/2	28	26	16	118	38	70	136	20	15	1	298
Russia	1		1				1			1				1
Turkey	13	2 8/2	3 8/2				12	3		10	1			12
United States	12	11		1	1	2	8	5	2	5	4			8
Other nationalities	8	2 1/2	4 1/2	1	5		3	5	2	1	1			7
No report	3	2 1/2	1/2				3			3				3
Totals	412	166 32/2	175 32/2	39	38	20	211	82	114	216	39	23	3	347
Percentage		48.0			23.8			41.8			95.0			

TABLE 3—Concluded.

Families Classified by Literacy, Schooling, Use of Library, Etc., with Percentages.  
SUMMARY.

Nationality	Totals	Per cent able to read	Per cent no schooling	Per cent using library	Wishing books
Austria-Hungary -----	84	60.2	27.5	44.8	73.9
British Isles -----	122	96.1	22.3	44.5	95.6
China -----	63	51.0	23.0	41.6	66.8
France -----	77	65.6	18.1	31.9	86.3
Germany -----	101	88.6	14.0	44.4	80.5
Italy -----	360	50.3	25.0	34.4	80.0
Japan -----	125	66.6	20.5	31.6	97.4
Jew -----	472	75.2	32.2	46.7	85.0
Mexico -----	1,179	45.6	34.7	40.9	73.5
Russia -----	114	45.9	28.7	23.3	93.1
Turkey -----	73	56.2	14.6	21.2	94.4
United States -----	976	96.5	18.9	47.0	89.7
Other nationalities -----	161	78.2	28.6	41.4	84.0
No report -----	112	84.3	12.9	33.3	90.0
Totals -----	4,019	69.6	26.8	38.8	83.4



According to the table on the preceding page, the Mexicans, Russians, Italians, Chinese, Turks, in order given, have the smallest number who can read and write English; and the Americans, British Isles, Germans and Jews the greatest number.

Sixty-nine and six-tenths per cent, a little over two-thirds of all the foreigners can read and write English.

The Mexicans, Japanese, Russians and Austrians have the largest number attending night school; the Germans, Turks, French and Americans the smallest.

Total is 26.8 per cent, a little over one-fourth, but the interest of school officials in night schools is growing. They have discovered, too, that unless there are specially-prepared teachers, gifted in some measure with sympathy and the foreigner's point of view, night schools avail little.

The Turks, Russians and Japanese use the library least; the Americans, Jews, Austrians, British Isles and Germans most; 40.9 per cent of the Mexicans, and 38.8 per cent of all the foreigners.

This is rather illuminating, considering the foreigner's handicaps and the library's handicaps as regards the foreigner, when we compare it with an approximate 26.2 per cent of the native Americans who use the library.

The smallest number who wished books were Chinese, Mexicans and Austrians; the largest number, Japanese, British Isles, Turks and Russians.

The total 83.8 per cent! The foreigner may not be so sodden as we think.





Italy	147	41	15	46	18	30	15	16	6		12	1	1	54	40
Japan															
Jews	308	182	25	33	8	22	5	10	2	2	58	1	4	40	16
Mexico															
Russia															
Turkey	8	3	1	1				4			1			1	14
United States	55	11	1	18	2	11	2	9			6			5	10
Other nationalities	11	3		4				1			2				
No report	24	10		3							10				
<b>Totals</b>	<b>577</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Percentage</b>		<b>52.9</b>		<b>22.8</b>		<b>13.8</b>		<b>9</b>							
<b>District III.</b>															
Austria-Hungary	2														
British Isles	1	1		1	1						1			1	100
China															
France	1														
Germany	1														
Italy	20	6		1	1	3					10	1	1	1	100
Japan	1	1													
Jews															
Mexico	13	3				2	2				8		1	2	40
Russia															
Turkey	1										1				
United States	2			1				1							
Other nationalities	1										1				
No report	5										5				
<b>Total</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>11</b>		<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>			<b>27</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Percentage</b>		<b>52.3</b>		<b>19</b>		<b>23.8</b>		<b>4.7</b>							
<b>District IV.</b>															
Austria-Hungary	6	2	1	1	1	2	1						1	3	50
British Isles	25	2	1	11	5	8	4	3	3		1	1		13	54
China															
France	16	3	2	9	2	2	2	2							
Germany	11	1	1	2	2	7	4	1				1	1	6	37
Italy	25	9	8	12	8	1	1						1	17	68
Japan															
Jews	201	2	1	100	62	53	44	36	29	2	8		5	138	62
Mexico	58	27	16	13	5	8	5	8	2	2	2	1	1	80	54.5

TABLE 4—Continued.  
Totals for Eleven Districts Classified by Employment and Permanency of Service.

Nationality	Totals	Class 1		Class 2		Class 3		Class 4		Class 5		Unem- ploy- able	Unem- ployed	Total regularly em- ployed	Per cent regu- larly em- ployed
		Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed				
District IV—Continued.															
Russia	10	4	4	3	3	1		1	1	1				8	80
Turkey	1	1	1											1	100
United States	117	18	6	42	28	28	21	22	17			3		72	72
Other nationalities	6	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	1					5	83
No report	5			4	1			1						1	20
Totals	481	70	42	201	118	112	84	70	53	5	4	6	9	301	65
Percentage		15.1		43.5		24.2	15.1			1					
District V.															
Austria-Hungary	2	1	1											1	50
British Isles	13	3	1	3	2	3	2	3	3					8	66
China															
France	6	1	2	1				1							
Germany	9	2	2	1		5	5							7	87
Italy	5	2	2											2	65
Japan															
Jews	60	6	3	34	16	7	4	10	2	1	1	2		26	44.8
Mexico	77	30	8	12	6	6	3	3				4		17	30
Russia	33	12	5	5	2	6	6	2	1			2		17	68
Turkey	34	1	1	20	9	1				2				10	43
United States	116	13	5	42	20	15	8	17	9	3	2	1		44	48
Other nationalities	9	1		2		1		3	2	1		1		2	22
No report	14			5	3	2	1	3						4	40
Totals	381	72	31	125	58	46	29	43	17	7	3	4	6	188	42
Percentage		23.8		41.3		15.2		14.2		2.3					
District VI.															
Austria-Hungary	17	7	7	8	8	1	1							16	94
British Isles	13	1	1	2	2	4	2	4	4			1		9	81.8
China															
France	3	1	1			1	1							2	100



Germany	22	2	6	4	10	9	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	19	89
Italy	9	1		2	1	1	3	2						5	62
Japan	7		5	2			2							5	71
Jews	17		5	3										9	52.9
Mexico			9	3	4	3	4	3					1	46	67
Russia	81	23	25	19	13	10	3	2				13	4	4	100
Turkey	5		2	2	2	2						1		1	100
United States	1		1	1											81
Other nationalities	29	14	9	8	4	3						2		22	73
No report	26	3	2	11	4	4	5	3				1	1	20	100
Totals	231	53	89	64	44	36	23	17	2	2	20	7	3	159	75
Percentage		25.1	42.1		20.8		10.9								
<b>District VII.</b>															
Austria-Hungary	4		1	1	2	2	1	1						4	100
British Isles	4		2	2				1						3	75
China															
France	6	1	1	1	1	1						3		3	100
Germany	16	3	3	4	7	7						2		14	100
Italy	5	1	1	3								1		4	80
Japan			4	3											
Jews	32	3	11	7	4	2	8	8	1	1	5	18	3	20	74
Mexico	107	58	44	17	7	4	3	3	3	1	1	3	58	56.8	
Russia	48	23	12	5	3	1	4	3	2	2	3	1	25	15	
Turkey	9	1	3	2	1	1	1	1					5	53	
United States	16	3	7	1	1	1	2	2			2	1	6	42.8	
Other nationalities	31	1	12	10	10	10	1	5	1	1	1		25	86	
No report	2	1	1				1	1					2	2	100
Totals	280	95	74	43	34	25	27	25	5	1	24	20	4	170	63
Percentage		37.1	21		13.2		10.5		1.9						
<b>District VIII.</b>															
Austria-Hungary	4	1	1	1	1		1	1						3	75
British Isles	8	1	5	4			1	1						5	62
China	5		1	1			2	2				1		3	100
France	5	2			2	1	1	1						2	40
Germany	4		2	2	1	1	1	1					4	100	
Italy	21	3	6	5	6	6	3	2			2	1		14	73
Japan	6	5	2						1					2	40
Jews	8	4	2	2	1	1	5	2	2		1	11		6	85
Mexico	103	23	21	11	12	9	1	2	2	1	18	11	35	41	
Russia	3				2	1	1	1					2	66	

TABLE 4—Continued.  
Totals for Eleven Districts Classified by Employment and Permanency of Service.

Nationality	Totals	Class 1		Class 2		Class 3		Class 4		Class 5		Unem- ployed	Unem- ployable	Total regularly em- ployed	Per cent regu- larly em- ployed	
		Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed	Number	Regu- larly em- ployed					
District VIII—Continued.																
Turkey	199	39	24	79	61	41	30	13	10	2	1	9	13	11	126	66
United States	18			8	6	5	2	3				1	1	1	11	64.7
Other nationalities	5			2	1	1	1					2			2	66
No report																
Totals	389	78	44	127	94	72	52	31	23	5	2	35	27	23	215	60
Percentage		22		35.8		20.3		8.7		1.4						
District IX.																
Austria-Hungary	1	1														
British Isles	1	1														
China																
France																
Germany	2															
Italy	22	3	2	13	10	3	2	1	1			1		2	15	70
Japan	1							1	1						1	100
Jews																
Mexico	49	11	4	23	16	1						7	7	2	20	47
Russia																
Turkey																
United States	48	11	4	25	17	4	3					3	2	4	24	53
Other nationalities	3	1		2	2										2	66
No report	2			1								1				
Totals	129	28	10	64	45	8	5	2	2			12	9	10	62	52.9
Percentage		23.8		54.7		6.8		1.7								
District X.																
Austria-Hungary	18	3	1	8	7	3	3	3				1			14	82
British Isles	11	2	2	3	3	2	1	1				1		2	7	70
China	44			12	12	3	2	17		2		10			28	82
France	3	1		1	1										1	50
Germany	20	1		13	7	5	4					1			11	55



Italy	7	1	2	2	10	5	4	4	1	1	9	1	6	100
Japan	61	1	21	12	10	5	16	19	1	1	9	1	35	97
Jews	16		2	2	4	2	8	8		1	1	1	12	80
Mexico	66	20	18	10	3	1	3	3		21	3	3	24	53
Russia	2	1									1			
Turkey	2										2			
United States	88	13	33	15	17	13	10	5		9	7	4	39	45
Other nationalities	8	3	3	3	2					5	1	1	62	5
No report	14	4	4	3			1	1		4	1	4	4	40
Totals	380	49	120	77	49	31	63	55	3	1	62	12	7	183
Percentage		16.4	40.2		16.4		22.1		1					
District XI.														
Austria-Hungary	1								1					
British Isles	2		2	2									2	100
China	6						1	1			5	1	1	100
France	12		7	3	1	1	3	2			1		6	54
Germany	1	1											1	100
Italy	63	19	14	9	4	3	10	9		16	1		33	76
Japan	46	3	11	5	14	3	10	3	2		6		12	30
Jews														
Mexico	244	146	36	13	7	5	10	3		30	7	13	54	25
Russia	1				1						1		1	
Turkey	13	3	4	4			4	3		1	1	1	8	66
United States	12	2	4	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	30
Other nationalities	8	1	3		1		1	1		1	1	1	2	28
No report	3	1	1	1						1			2	100
Totals	412	176	82	39	29	12	41	23	3	63	10	17	127	38
Percentage		50.4	23.5		8.3		11.1							

TABLE 4—Concluded.

Totals for Eleven Districts Classified by Employment and Permanency of Service.

## SUMMARY.

Nationality	Totals	Per cent regularly employed
Austria-Hungary .....	84	67.9
British Isles .....	122	66.3
China .....	63	61.2
France .....	77	62.5
Germany .....	101	80.4
Italy .....	300	56.6
Japan .....	125	50.4
Jews .....	472	69.2
Mexico .....	1,179	36.6
Russia .....	114	62.8
Turkey .....	73	49
United States .....	976	58.2
Other nationalities .....	161	58.5
No report .....	112	50
Totals .....	4,019	54.5



Smallest number regularly employed, in order, are Mexicans, Turks, Japanese; largest number, Germans, Jews, Austrians. The total 54.5 per cent. Over one-half of the district employed only at intervals! And the unemployment interval may be longer than the employed.

The slogan of Los Angeles is, "The city where nature helps industry most." We must make it, "The city where industry helps humanity most."

According to the classification, there are:

- 27.7 per cent in class 1.
- 32.1 per cent in class 2.
- 20 per cent in class 3.
- 14 per cent in class 4.
- 1.7 per cent in class 5.

It is interesting to note that there are more in class 2 than in class 1.

TABLE 5.  
Totals Classified by Ownership of Homes, with Per Cents, Type of Dwelling, Number of Rooms and Number of Persons.

Nationality	Homes			Type of dwelling <sup>1</sup>				Number of rooms <sup>2</sup>							Number of persons <sup>3</sup>				
	Totals	Owners	Renters	No report	1 family	Multiple	Rooming house	No report	1	2	3	4	5	5 plus	No report	1 to 5	6 to 10	10 plus	No report
District I.																			
Austria-Hungary	15	3	12		6	5	4			2	1	4	4	4	4	8	6		1
British Isles	40	4	34	2	14	11	12	3		9	6	4	4	8	3	24	9		7
China	8		6	2	1	3	1	3				2	1	2	2	4	2		2
France	19	3	14	2	7	10		2			7	2	3	6	1	12	5		2
Germany	15	2	13		4	8	2	1		2	2			6	1	6	8		1
Italy	36	7	26	3	16	10	7	3		2	5	7	10	9	3	13	15		8
Japan	3		2		2			1				1			1		2		1
Jews	138	20	114	4	66	68	9	5	2	10	11	34	31	45	5	64	66	3	5
Mexico	73		73		34	13	19	7	3	12	14	11	12	18	3	30	30	5	8
Russia	9	2	7		2	6	1	1			4	1	1	3		5	3	1	
Turkey	4		4		1	2	1					1	1	1	1	2	2		
United States	294	37	219	38	89	109	50	46	12	40	74	48	37	68	20	205	41	8	40
Other nationalities	40	4	33	3	15	19	5	1	1	8	7	6	7	9	2	28	9	3	3
No report	37	2	33	2	5	15	11	6	2	10	11	4	5	2	3	32	2		
Totals	731	84	590	57	262	309	121	79	23	95	143	120	124	181	45	433	200	17	81
Percentage		12.4																	
District II.																			
Austria-Hungary	14	6	8		8	4		2		1	1	4	2		6	3	7	1	3
British Isles	4	1	3		2	1		1			1	1	2			2	2		
China																			
France	6	2	4		3	1	2			1			3	2		1	1		4
Germany																			
Italy	147	44	94	9	79	27	2	39	1	1	18	35	31	48	13	52	61	5	29
Japan																			
Jews																			
Mexico	308	48	244	15	133	38	12	125	11	67	51	85	41	46	7	126	139	22	21
Russia																			
Turkey	8		8		4			4	1		1	1	2	2	1	2	6		1
United States	55	15	37	3	22	2	6	25	1	2	6	13	12	13	8	25	18		12
Other nationalities	11	3	6	2	4	2	2	3			1	3	2	3	2	4	5		2



No report	24	2	6	16	5	4	2	13	3	3	6	7	2	3	12	8	1	3
Totals	577	122	410	45	240	79	26	212	11	75	82	148	102	116	40	227	246	29
Percentage		25.9																75
District III.																		
Austria-Hungary	2		1	1				2							2			3
British Isles	1		1			1									1			1
China																		
France	1		1		1					1						1		
Germany	1																	
Italy	20	5	10	5	18		1	2		4	1	4		11	3	7		10
Japan	1		1				1											1
Jews																		
Mexico	13		10	3	8	2		3		1	2	2	2	1	5	3	6	4
Russia																		
Turkey	1	1			1										1			
United States	2	1	1		2					1			1			1		1
Other nationalities	1		1		1						1	1						
No report	5	1	2	2	4			1		1	1				3	1		4
Totals	48	8	28	12	35	3	2	8		1	9	5	7	1	25	9	14	25
Percentage		22.2																
District IV.																		
Austria-Hungary	6	2	3	1	6							2		3	1	3	3	
British Isles	25	15	10		23	1		1				4	9	11	1	11	9	3
China																		
France	16	10	5	1	14	1		1				1	2	5	7	1	5	10
Germany	11	5	6		10	1				1		6	3	1	5	3		3
Italy	25	10	14	1	20	4		1		1	3	5	5	15	1	8	13	1
Japan																		
Jews	201	60	136	5	165	24	6	6	1		16	29	77	73	5	98	93	5
Mexico	58	15	35	8	47	10		1		6	4	11	21	15	1	18	28	9
Russia	10	4	6		10								3	6	1	7	3	
Turkey	1	1			1													
United States	117	51	62	4	101	10	5	1		4	10	15	24	61	3	69	35	3
Other nationalities	6	5	1		4	2					2	1	2	1	3	3		10
No report	5		2	3	2	2		1		2				1	2		2	3
Totals	481	178	280	23	403	55	11	12	1	10	35	68	152	197	18	227	291	28
Percentage		38.8																

\*Six families live in one-family dwellings; 5 families live in multiple dwellings; 4 families live in rooming houses, etc.

\*Two families live in 2 rooms; 1 family in 3 rooms; 4 families in 4 rooms, etc.

\*Eight families have from 1 to 5 persons; 6 families have from 6 to 10 persons, etc.

TABLE 5—Continued.  
Totals Classified by Ownership of Homes, with Per Cents, Type of Dwelling, Number of Rooms and Number of Persons.

Nationality	Homes			Type of dwelling*				Number of rooms*						Number of persons*					
	Totals	Owners	Renters	No report	1 family	Multiple	Rooming house	No report	1	2	3	4	5	5 plus	No report	1 to 5	6 to 10	10 plus	No report
District V.																			
Austria-Hungary	2	1	1		1	1										1	1		
British Isles	13	4	8	1	5	4	2	2			5					5	3	3	
China																			
France	6	1	5		1	3		2				1		5		1	3	1	1
Germany	9	4	5		6	2		1		1			3	5		5	2	2	2
Italy	5	2	2	1	3			2					3		2	3	1		1
Japan																			
Jews	60	18		42	30	16	3	11	1	1	6	6	20	25	1	23	23	3	11
Mexico	77	5	65	7	27	9	1	40	1	12	18	10	8	10	18	24	28	4	21
Russia	36	20	16		19	6		1			6	4	8	13	5	3	18	2	13
Turkey	34	16	18		15	2		17		1	7		10	14	2	5	23	2	4
United States	116	33	83		49	20	10	37		4	8	15	23	55	11	55	34	3	24
Other nationalities	9	7	2		6	1		2				1	1	6	1	3	3	1	2
No report	14	2		12	2	4		8			2	1	4	5	2	4	3	1	6
Totals	381	113	265	63	174	68	16	123	2	30	52	38	80	147	42	132	142	20	87
Percentage		35.5																	
District VI.																			
Austria-Hungary	17	11	2	4	16			1									6	1	4
British Isles	13	5	8		10	3					2	5	6	3	1	6	6		
China																			
France	3	3			2														
Germany	22	14	7	1	17	4		1					1	1		2	7		6
Italy	9	9	4	5	9							2	8	9	3	9	4	5	
Japan	7		7		3	4					2	1	4	3	1	4	1	3	1
Jews	17	8	7	2	15			2			1	4	3	7	2	6	8		3
Mexico	81	44	31	6	75	2		4		4	12	18	19	19	9	21	52	2	6
Russia	5	5	3	1	4	1					3	1			1	3	1		1
Turkey	1		1		1														
United States	29	16	12	1	24	2	1				1	6	9	13		12	14		3





TABLE 5—Continued.  
Totals Classified by Ownership of Homes, with Per Cents, Type of Dwelling, Number of Rooms and Number of Persons.

Nationality	Homes			Type of dwelling*				Number of rooms*							Number of persons*				
	Totals	Owners	Renters	No report	1 family	Multiple	Rooming house	No report	1	2	3	4	5	5 plus	No report	1 to 5	6 to 10	10 plus	No report
District IX.																			
Austria-Hungary	1			1				1						1		1	1		
British Isles	1	1			1									1					
China																			
France																			
Germany	2	1	1		1			1		1		1				2			
Italy	22	8	13	1	21			1			2	3	11	5	1	3	7	11	1
Japan	1				1						1					1			
Jews			1																
Mexico	49	1	46	2	36	7	1	5		7	9	13	9	8	3	19	25	1	4
Russia																			
Turkey																			
United States	48	10	37	1	39	6	1	2	1	3	6	16	7	14	1	29	17		2
Other nationalities	3		3		3						1		1	2	1	1	1	1	
No report	2		2		2														
Totals	129	21	108	5	104	13	2	10	1	11	19	33	28	31	6	56	52	13	8
Percentage		16.9																	
District X.																			
Austria-Hungary	18		17	1	11	6		1		1		6	4	5	2	5	8		5
British Isles	11	1	10			4		6	1	2	1	1		4	3	4	2	2	3
China	44		40	4	18	17	7	2	5	9	7	8	5	5	5	15	14	5	10
France	3		2	1	2	1						1		2			3		
Germany	20		20		12	2	6			2	3	2	2	8	3	9	4	2	5
Italy	7	1	5	1	5								3	2	1	4	1	1	1
Japan	61		55	6	37	6	15	3	2	7	18	7	4	16	7	18	18	3	22
Jews																			
Mexico	16		14	2	11	1	2	2	2	1	2		6	5	2	7	6		3
Other nationalities	66	2	60	4	40	10	8	8	3	12	13	12	6	10	10	21	23	4	15
Russia	2		2											2			1		
Turkey	2	1	1		2														
United States	88	4	72	12	27	13	40	8	9	7	7	6	15	26	18	42	3	10	33



Oth'r nationalities	8	1	6	2	2	4	2	2	1	1	1	3	2	2	4
No report	14	1	11	2	4	4	7	3	1	2	1	1	5	1	8
Totals	30	10	315	35	109	66	97	28	43	55	47	90	135	84	110
Percentage	3.0														
District XI.															
Austria-Hungary	1		1		1						1		1		1
British Isles	2	1	1		2					1	1		2		
China	6		2	4	1	1		4		1	1	4	4	3	3
France	12	5	5	2	4		6	2		3		5	8	3	4
Germany	1		1		1								1		
Italy	63	22	30	21	31		9	21	1	5	7	19	28	13	20
Japan	46	5	29	12	23	8	14	1	3	13	3	7	25	10	9
Jews															
Mexico	244	1	210	33	121	69	11	43	18	36	59	25	112	75	43
Russia	1		1					1			1		1		
Turkey	13	1	10	2	5	1	1	6		2	4		3	10	1
United States	12	2	9	1	7		3	2	1	2	1	3	9		1
Oth'r nationalities	8		6	2	3	3		2	3	1		2	2	3	3
No report	3		1	2	1			2				1	2	1	1
Totals	412	37	296	79	200	81	41	81	23	63	76	60	184	121	86
Percentage		11.1													

\*See classification, footnote, page 65.

TABLE 5—Concluded.

Totals Classified by Ownership of Homes, with Per Cents, Type of Dwelling, Number of Rooms and Number of Persons.

## SUMMARY.

Nationality	Totals	Percentage owning homes
Austria-Hungary .....	84	34.6
British Isles .....	122	27.5
China .....	63	-----
France .....	77	40.5
Germany .....	101	34.7
Italy .....	360	33.7
Japan .....	125	4.7
Jews .....	472	28.6
Mexico .....	1,179	15.4
Russia .....	114	62.7
Turkey .....	73	31.0
United States .....	976	20.6
Other nationalities .....	161	31.1
No report .....	112	15.0
Total and per cent average owning homes.....	4,019	23.4
Percentage living in one-family dwellings.....	-----	65.7

This table shows that the smallest number who own their homes are Chinese (none), Japanese, Mexican and Americans (20.6); the largest number are Russians, French, Germans and Austrians.

Total 23.4 per cent—but that is more than the native American.

Sixty-five and seven-tenths per cent live in one-family dwellings. At first thought this seems ideal. Insufficient room, water, light, heat, toilet facilities, squalor in all its aspects seem to attach to tenements. But after looking at some of the shacks (which read well as “one-family dwellings”) and the disreputable house courts, the condition did not seem so ideal.



TABLE 6.

Nationality	Totals	1 to 2 rooms			3 rooms			More than 3 rooms			No report
		1 to 2 persons.	3 to 7 persons.	More than 7 persons.	1 to 4 persons.	5 to 8 persons.	More than 8 persons.	1 to 4 persons.	5 to 8 persons.	More than 8 persons.	
District I.											
Austria-Hungary	15		2			1		4	8		
British Isles	40	1	10		5	1		7	11	1	4
China	8				1			3	1	1	2
France	19				8			1	8	1	1
Germany	15		4		2			1	8		
Italy	36		2		4	1		7	18	1	3
Japan	3								1	1	1
Jews	138		12		4	7		25	78	5	7
Mexico	73	3	13		5	8	2	8	17	15	2
Russia	9					4		3	1	1	
Turkey	4							1	3		
United States	294	12	40		54	17		63	60	6	42
Other nationalities	40		2		4	1		7	11	3	12
No report	37	1	11		10			8	3		4
Totals	731	17	96		97	40	2	138	228	35	78
District II.											
Austria-Hungary	14		1			1		1	6	4	1
British Isles	4				1				2	1	
China											
France	6		1		3	1					1
Germany											
Italy	147		2		13	6		22	62	26	16
Japan											
Jews											
Mexico	308	6	63	5	14	27	9	33	99	51	1
Russia											
Turkey	8		1			1		1	5		
United States	55		5		5	2		14	16	5	8
Other nationalities	11				1			1	4	3	2
No report	24		2	1	1	1	1	3	7	4	4
Totals	577	6	75	6	38	39	10	75	201	94	33
District III.											
Austria-Hungary	2										2
British Isles	1										1
China											
France	1					1					
Germany	1										1
Italy	20				2	1			4	2	11
Japan	1										1
Jews											
Mexico	13	1			1	2		1	2		6
Russia											
Turkey	1										1
United States	2				1			1			
Other nationalities	1								1		
No report	5					1		1			3
Totals	48	1			4	5		3	7	2	26
District IV.											
Austria-Hungary	6							1	4	1	
British Isles	25							8	15	1	1
China											
France	16				1			4	10	1	
Germany	11					1		5	4		1
Italy	25						1	6	10	7	1
Japan											
Jews	201		1		12	4		40	100	16	19

TABLE 6—Continued.

Nationality	Totals	1 to 2 rooms			3 rooms			More than 3 rooms			No report
		1 to 2 persons	3 to 7 persons	More than 7 persons	1 to 4 persons	5 to 8 persons	More than 8 persons	1 to 4 persons	5 to 8 persons	More than 8 persons	
District IV—Continued.											
Mexico	58		6	1		2	1	9	22	15	2
Russia	10							1	9		
Turkey	1								1		
United States	117		4		8	2		33	61	8	1
Other nationalities	6								5	1	
No report	5								2	2	1
Totals	481		11	1	21	9	2	107	252	52	26
District V.											
Austria-Hungary	2		1			1					
British Isles	13				1	1	2	2	3	1	3
China											
France	6							1	3	1	1
Germany	9		1					2	3	3	
Italy	5							1	1	1	2
Japan											
Jews	60	1			2	4		9	36	7	1
Mexico	77	2	6	4	5	8	2	4	12	9	25
Russia	36	1			1	4			22	8	
Turkey	34					1		3	17	9	4
United States	116	1	3		6	3		39	38	8	19
Other nationalities	9				1			2	4	2	
No report	14				2			4	2	3	3
Totals	881	5	11	4	18	22	4	67	141	52	57
District VI.											
Austria-Hungary	17					1		2	8	2	4
British Isles	13				1			4	5	2	1
China											
France	3							2			1
Germany	23							6	7	2	7
Italy	9							3	5		1
Japan	7				1			1	1	3	1
Jews	17				1			3	10	1	2
Mexico	81		4		2	4	4	9	31	17	10
Russia	5							3	2		
Turkey	1							1			
United States	29					1		8	17	3	
Other nationalities	26							9	11	3	3
No report	1										1
Totals	231		4		5	6	4	51	97	33	31
District VII.											
Austria-Hungary	4							1	3		
British Isles	4							3			1
China											
France	6							1	3		2
Germany	16					1		2	9		4
Italy	5	1						1	1		2
Japan											
Jews	32				1			9	16		6
Mexico	107		9	1	5	15	2	9	28	7	31
Russia	48		3		1	4	3	6	23	8	
Turkey	9							3	2		4
United States	16	1			4			4	4		3
Other nationalities	31		1		1			10	12	1	6
No report	2								1		1
Totals	280	2	13	1	12	20	5	49	102	16	69



TABLE 6—Continued.

Nationality	Totals	1 to 2 rooms			3 rooms			More than 3 rooms			No report
		1 to 2 persons.	3 to 7 persons.	More than 7 persons.	1 to 4 persons.	5 to 8 persons.	More than 8 persons.	1 to 4 persons.	5 to 8 persons.	More than 8 persons.	
District VIII.											
Austria-Hungary	4					1		2	1	1	
British Isles	8							2	1	2	
China	5							2	1		2
France	5		1		1			1			2
Germany	4		1						2		1
Italy	21				2	1		7	8	3	
Japan	6							2	1		3
Jews	8					1		1	5	1	
Mexico	103	2	7		4	5		11	36	20	19
Russia	3				1				2		
Turkey											
United States	199	6	30		22	9	1	44	58	15	14
Other nationalities	18	1			1		1		11	1	3
No report	5		2					2	1		
Totals	389	9	41		31	17	2	65	127	47	50
District IX.											
Austria-Hungary	1										1
British Isles	1							1			
China											
France											
Germany	2	1						1			
Italy	22					1	1	2	15	2	1
Japan	1					1					
Jews											
Mexico	49	1	4	2	2	7		2	17	10	4
Russia											
Turkey											
United States	48	2	2		2	2		14	18	1	8
Other nationalities	3								2	1	
No report	2					1					1
Totals	129	4	6	2	4	12	1	20	52	14	15
District X.											
Austria-Hungary	18		1					2	10	1	4
British Isles	11	1	1		1			2	1	1	4
China	44	3	7	1	1	3		1	8	7	13
France	3					1			2		
Germany	20		2		1			2	9		6
Italy	7							3	2	1	1
Japan	61		9	1	3	8		5	7	7	21
Jews	16		1		2			2	8	1	2
Mexico	69		10	1	4	6	2	6	13	5	19
Russia	2								1	1	
Turkey	2							1			1
United States	88	6	8		4	3		13	8	11	35
Other nationalities	8		1			1				4	2
No report	14		1		2			2	1		8
Totals	360	10	41	3	18	22	2	39	70	39	116
District XI.											
Austria-Hungary	1								1		
British Isles	2							2			
China	6					1			1		4
France	12				2	1		1	3	2	3
Germany	1								1		
Italy	63	1	4		3	2		11	15	3	24
Japan	46		12	1	4	8	1	1	10	3	6

TABLE 6—Concluded.

Nationality	Totals	1 to 2 rooms			3 rooms			More than 3 rooms			No report
		1 to 2 persons	3 to 7 persons	More than 7 persons	1 to 4 persons	5 to 8 persons	More than 8 persons	1 to 4 persons	5 to 8 persons	More than 8 persons	
District XI—Continued.											
Jews											
Mexico	244	11	52	3	10	20		20	57	22	49
Russia	1								1		
Turkey	13		2			2			5	1	3
United States	12	1		1	2			6	1		1
Other nationalities	8	1	3		1				1		2
No report	3								1		2
Totals	412	14	73	5	22	34	1	41	97	31	94

## SUMMARY.

Nationality	Totals	Per cent 1 to 2 rooms, 3 to 7 persons	Per cent 3 rooms, 5 to 8 persons
Austria-Hungary	84	7.4	5.6
British Isles	122	10.4	2.8
China	63	16.6	9.5
France	77	3	6
Germany	101	9.8	2.4
Italy	390	2.7	4
Japan	125	22.8	18.4
Jews	472	3.2	3.6
Mexico	1,179	17.1	10.2
Russia	114	2.6	10.5
Turkey	73	5	6.6
United States	976	10.8	4.6
Other nationalities	161	4.9	1.4
No report	112	19	3.5
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4,019</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>6.2</b>

It is difficult in a table to bring out the crowded condition in so many of the homes—houses would perhaps be the better word.

From this computation it appears that the number of houses in which there are from 3 to 7 persons living in 1 or 2 rooms, is 10.8 per cent, and 5 to 8 persons living in 3 rooms is 6.2 per cent.

There were numbers of instances of—

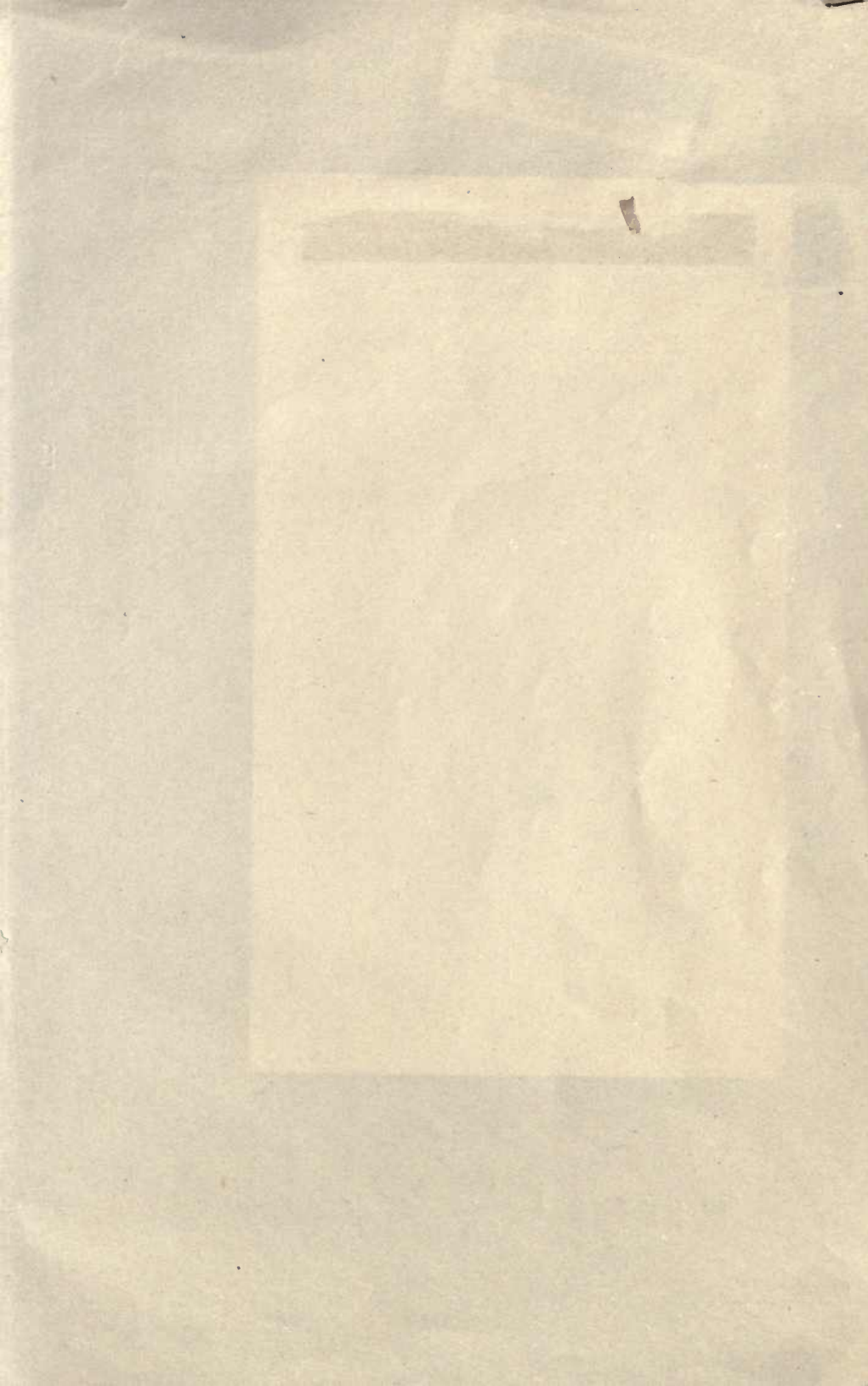
10 and 11 persons living in 3 rooms.

6, 7, 8 and 10 persons living in 2 rooms.

7, 8, 10 and 13 persons living in 1 room!

The tabulation also showed that about one-third go to church and 5 per cent attend some sort of clubs.





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